

# OCA - set up, software environment & observers

I speaker:

Marek Górski

Member of the Araucaria Project

Nicolaus Copernicus Astronomical Centre of the Polish Academy of Sciences - Warsaw

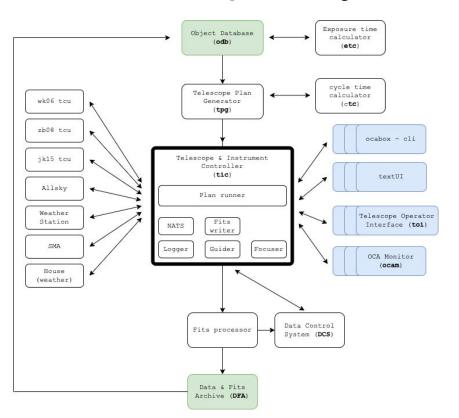
ASA training, installation, testing CCD, testing mount & components, network set-up, learning ASA, Andor (SDK), searching available technologies, constant troubleshooting





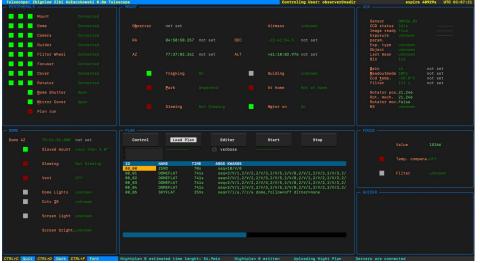
- cooperation with all observers
- admins (<u>Krzysiek</u>, Artur, Staszek, Przemek)
- Ernest Lasek, Piotr Wielgórski, Wojtek Pych

# Complexity of OCM software



#### challenges - boundaries

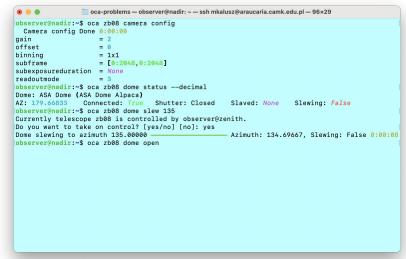
- only 2 observers for 5 telescopes
- operator-focused control room
- remote control room (camk)
- 70 computers & VM's
- 30 systems
- ASA mount (alt-az, eq), Halfman
- optical CCD, NIR CCD, spectrometer
- different observing programs
- fully automated and fully remote software need
- existing software solutions do not meet our needs

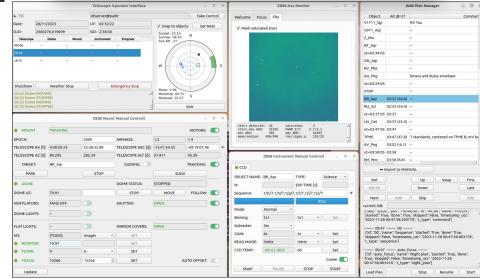


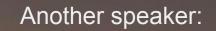
#### toi, textUI, ocabox-cli

- fully manual
- subsystem automation (guider, focus, sequence)
- fully automatic
- intuitive & user-friendly

normal-operations, tests & troubleshooting (remote-access, system-isolation)







Mikołaj Kałuszyński

Member of the Araucaria Project

Nicolaus Copernicus Astronomical Centre of the Polish Academy of Sciences - Warsaw



///AkondLab.

## Araucaria Database

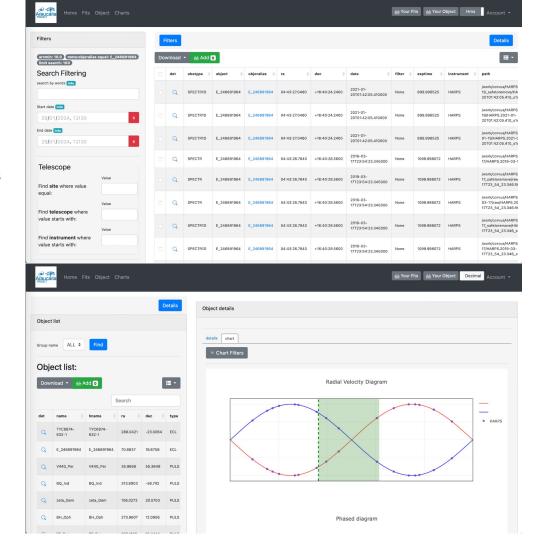
#### FITS Indexer:

Scans entire araucaria disk space for FITS files Calculates unique digest and discovers duplicates Determines instrument-independent metadata

- FITS Database:
  - Stores and presents FITS files data
- Object Database:
  Stores and presents astronomica targets
- Coverage Charts:

Plots phase coverage charts and timelines for targets, based on FITS files *hjd* 

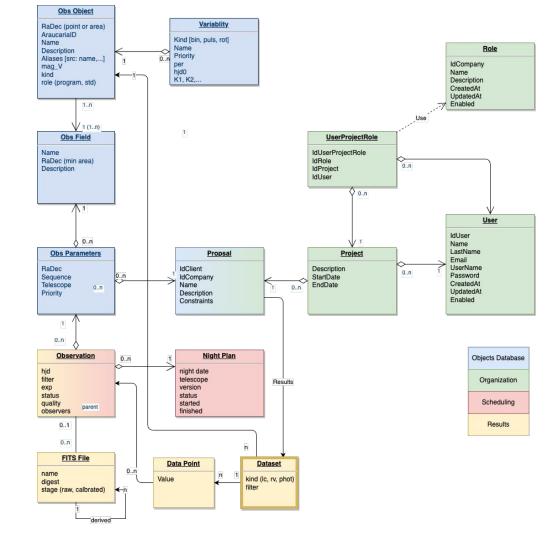




# Araucaria Database

- FITS Database (existing): RAW, Calibrated, Spectroscopic
- Objects (existing): Targets, Fields, Variability
- Organization: Projects, Proposals, People
- Scheduling
- Results: Curves, Field photometry





## IT Architecture Foundations

- Autonomy state of the internet connection does not affect operations
- Modern solutions and technologies no technical debt
- Python language as the programming language our group is familiar with
- Container-ready Microservice architecture
- Redundancy no single point of failure thanks to distributed architecture
- Ul Client agnostic core services, multiple instances of GUI works in parallel
- Local/Remote control rooms in Observatory and CAMK
- Open Source Software (MIT license). Universal software for different kinds of observatories
- Drivers for various telescope interfaces: ASCOM, ACS (Alma Common Software), INDI

Another speaker:

Mirosław Kicia

Member of the Araucaria Project

Nicolaus Copernicus Astronomical Centre of the Polish Academy of Sciences - Warsaw

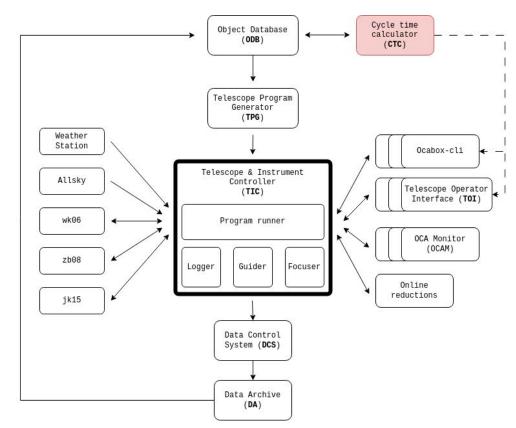


## OCM software development

We are finishing the first iteration of software development, necessary to perform observations:

- Telescope and peripheral communications
- Night plan runner (new syntax)
- Graphical user interfaces (GUI)
- Remote operating
- Observations scheduler





## Visualization and preliminary data analysis



source: pixabay

The multitude of tools allows observers to simply and easily track simultaneous observations and verify the collected data. If they are occupied at observation time reporting and communication system allow to make "quick look" on parameters and if needed they have more detailed and specialized summary reports.

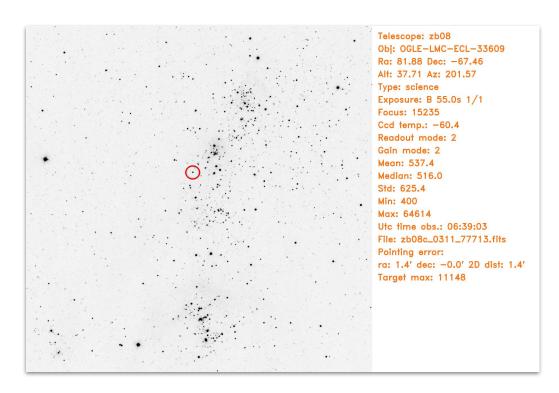


## Real-time data processing

Gives observers and data users greater opportunities to easily control massive amounts of data, without unnecessary workload:

- Parameters display
- Telescope pointing verification
- Target saturation verification
- Instrumental calibrated images
- Photometry and light curves (ongoing)





# Machine learning and other modern analytics methods



source: pixabay

- Predicting Telescope Cycle Time
- Scheduling observations
- Automatic rating calibration and science data
- Faster and more reliable calibration and reduction methods
- Use of computer vision and object analysis
- other

