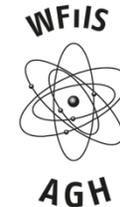


# Fantastic neutrinos and how to find them

Piotr Kalaczyński

Work supported by:



Republic  
of Poland

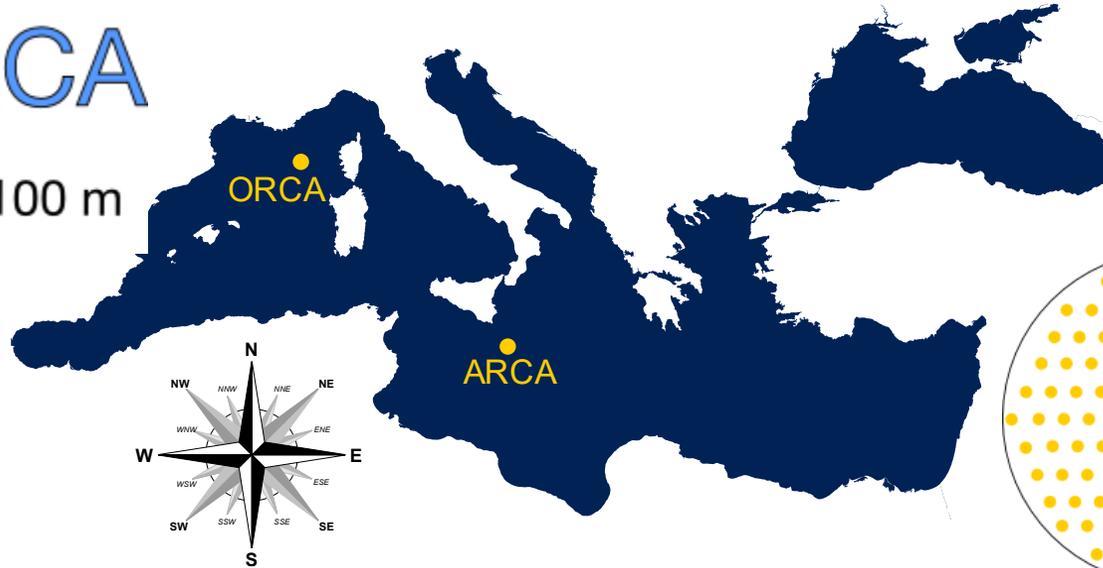


**Foundation for  
Polish Science**

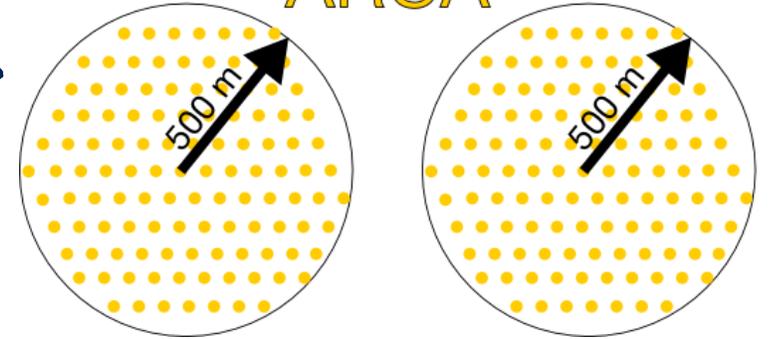
**European Union**  
European Regional  
Development Fund



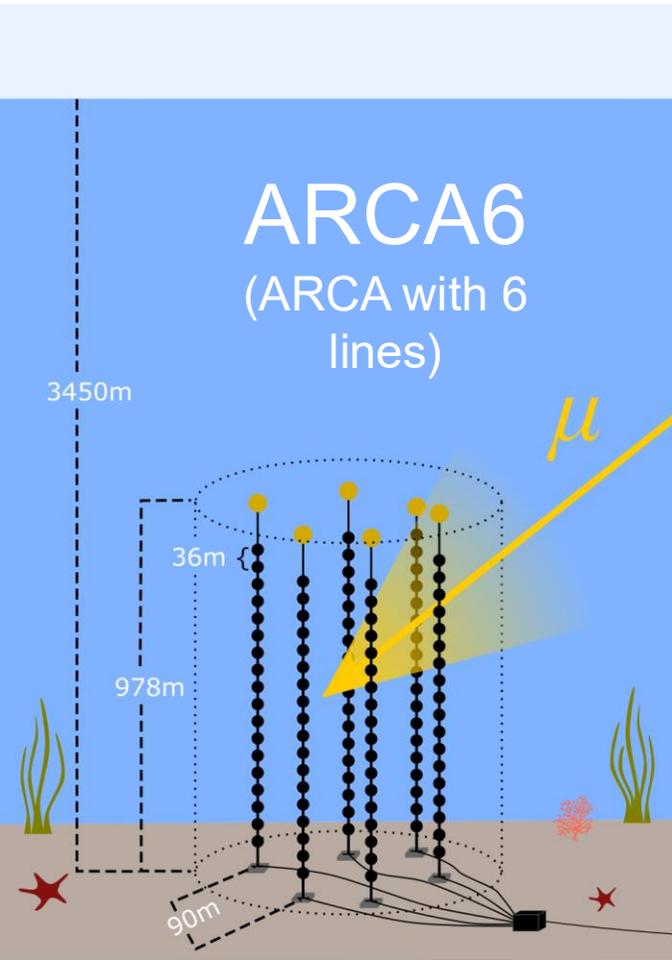
## ORCA



## ARCA



## ARCA6 (ARCA with 6 lines)



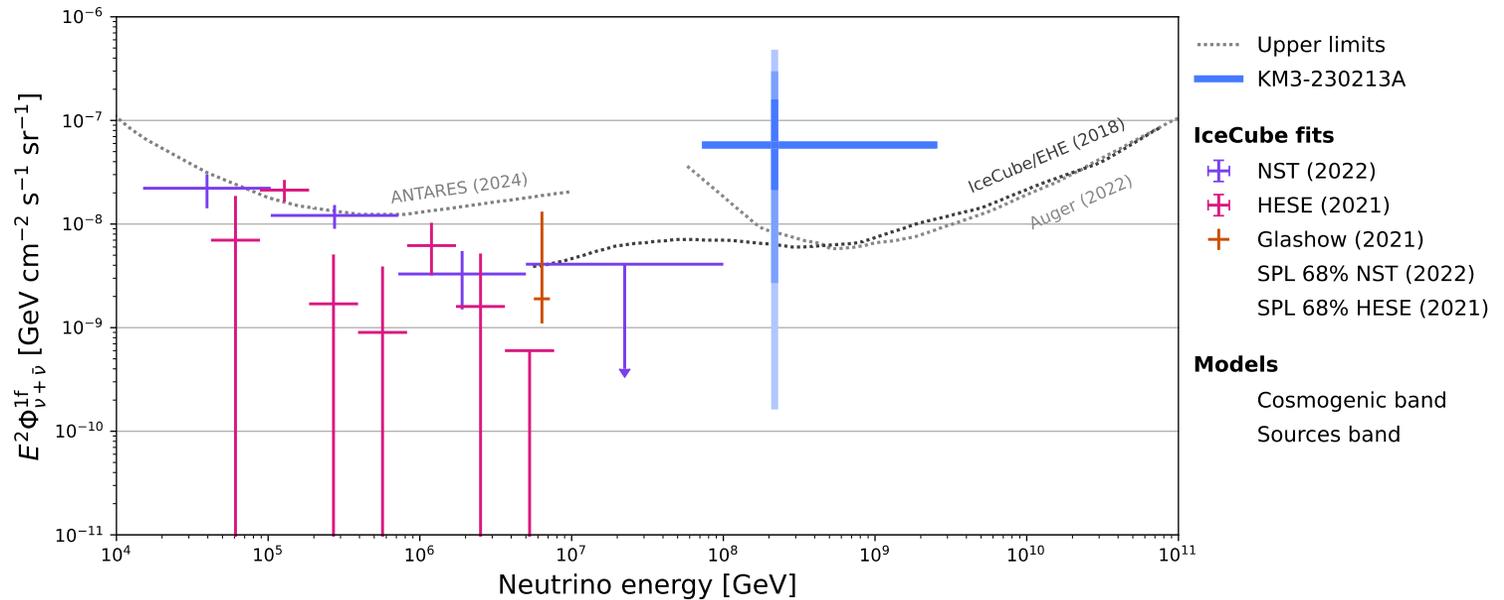
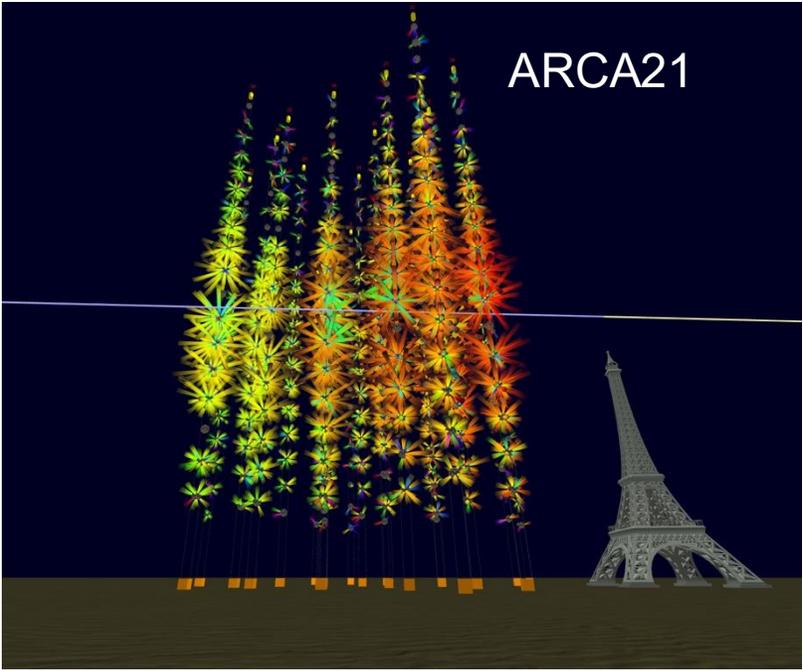
Detector	ARCA	ORCA
Depth	3.5 km	2.45 km
Volume	1 km <sup>3</sup> (1Gton)	0.007 km <sup>3</sup> (7Mton)
# lines	45 / 226	33 / 108
Topic	Astroparticle RCA*	Oscillation RCA*
Goal	$\nu_{\text{astro}}$	$m_\nu$ hierarchy

\*RCA : Research with Cosmics in the Abyss



In case you missed the paper and media coverage

We've observed the most energetic  $\nu$  ever!



# How do we increase the statistics?

We want more UHE neutrinos!



Instrument even bigger volume

... but how?

multi-km<sup>3</sup> water Cherenkov telescopes very expensive, biggest planned: 7.5 km<sup>3</sup>



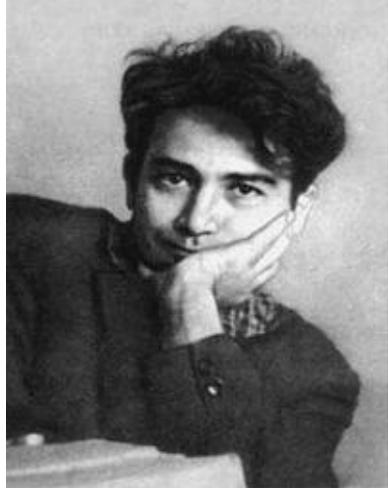
The problem: light range ~ few 100m

The solution: sound range ~ few km

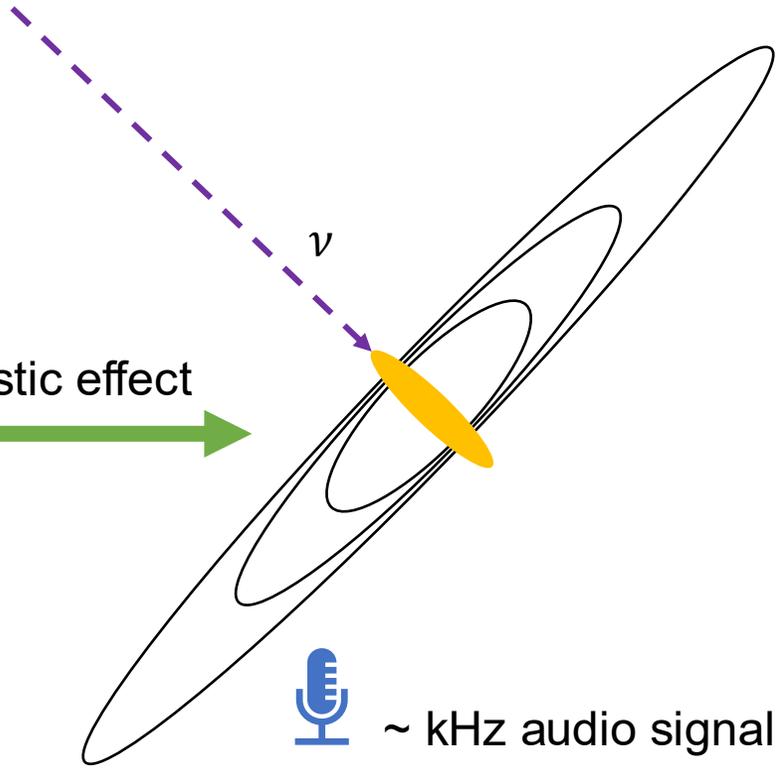
But how do we „hear” a neutrino?



Gurgen A. Askaryan



source: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gurgen\\_Askaryan#/media/File:G\\_Askaryan.jpg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gurgen_Askaryan#/media/File:G_Askaryan.jpg)



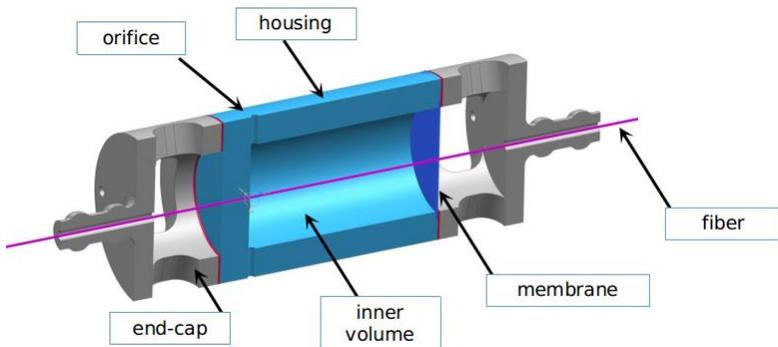
## Hardware

Hydrophones:

- Piezoelectric (already installed)
- Membrane (already installed)
- Optic fibre + membrane (pathfinder with 4x40 hydrophones funded by NIOZI!)



[doi.org/10.1051/epjconf/201921602007](https://doi.org/10.1051/epjconf/201921602007)

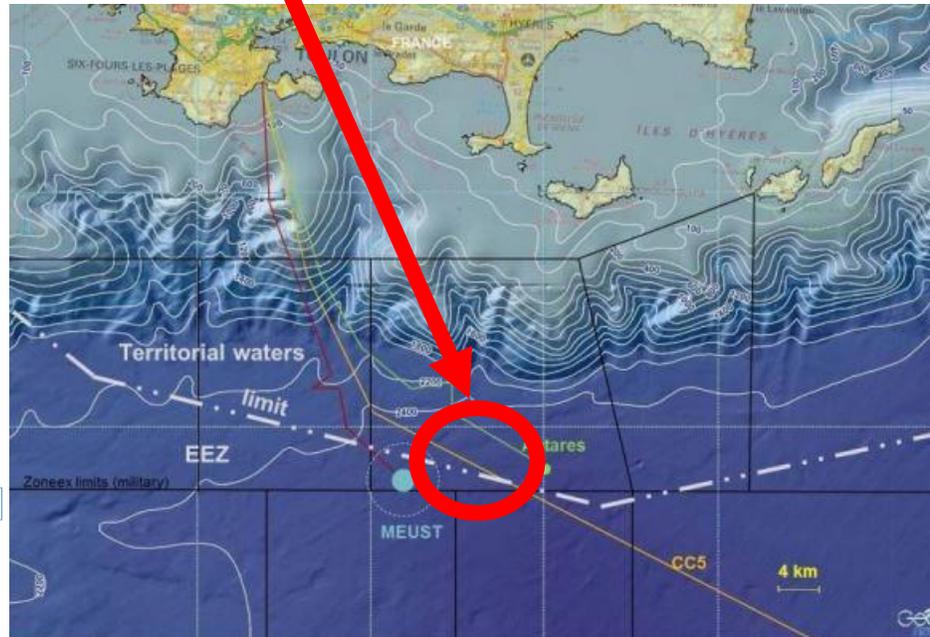


[doi.org/10.1016/j.astropartphys.2025.103109](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.astropartphys.2025.103109)

## Site

KM3NeT-Fr:

- near Toulon
- depth: 2450m
- Use extensive calibration data from KM3NeT/ORCA



## Software

- There once was a MATLAB code from The ACoRNE Collaboration (and it is not available anymore ...)
- well ... and there's nothing else
- that's where we step in!

Simulation studies

More funding ...



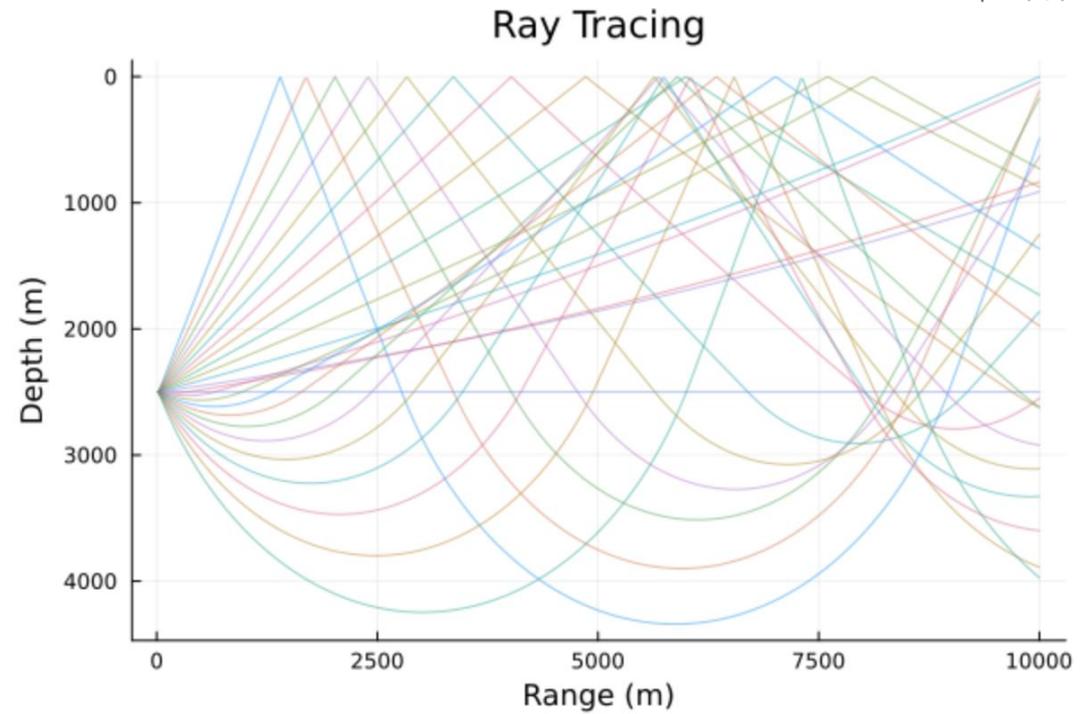
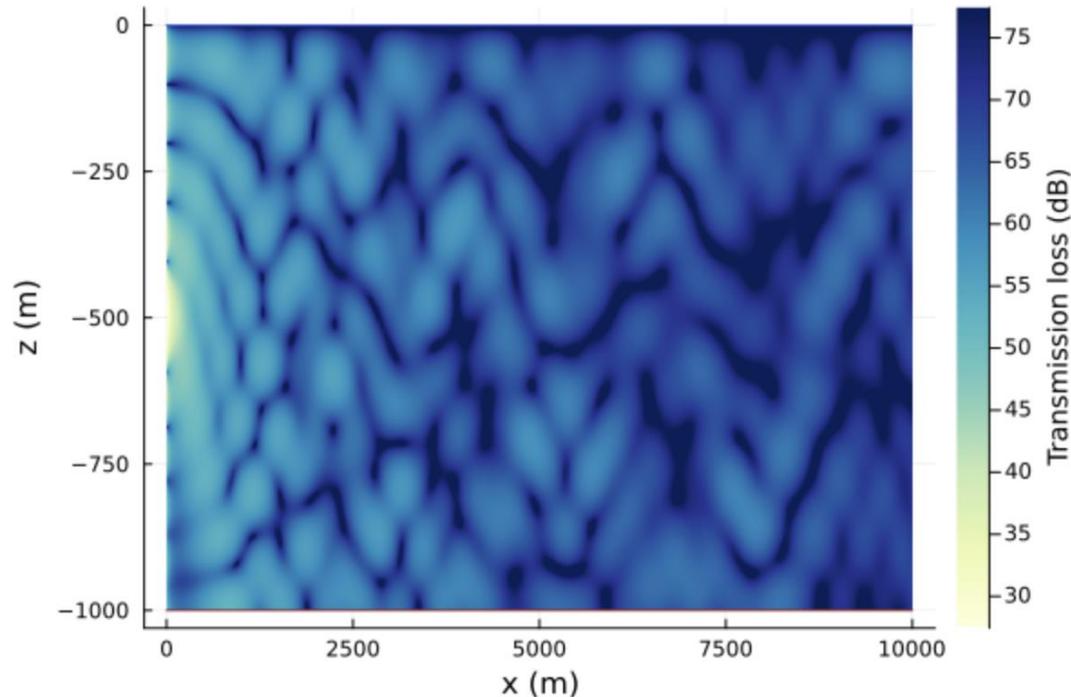
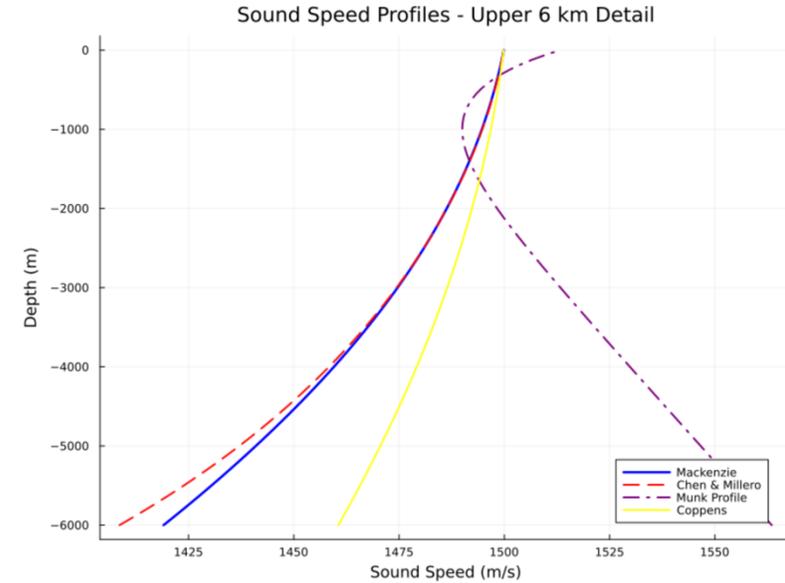
[oceansonics.com](https://oceansonics.com)



## SUNSET.jl:

(Simulation of **U**nderwater **N**eutrino-induced **S**ound **E**mission and **T**ransport)

- ❖ Acoustic simulation code in pure Julia
- ❖ For:
  - ❖ Acoustic position calibration
  - ❖ Simulation of acoustic signals of UHE  $\nu$  events
  - ❖ Approaches: both ray tracing & wave treatment

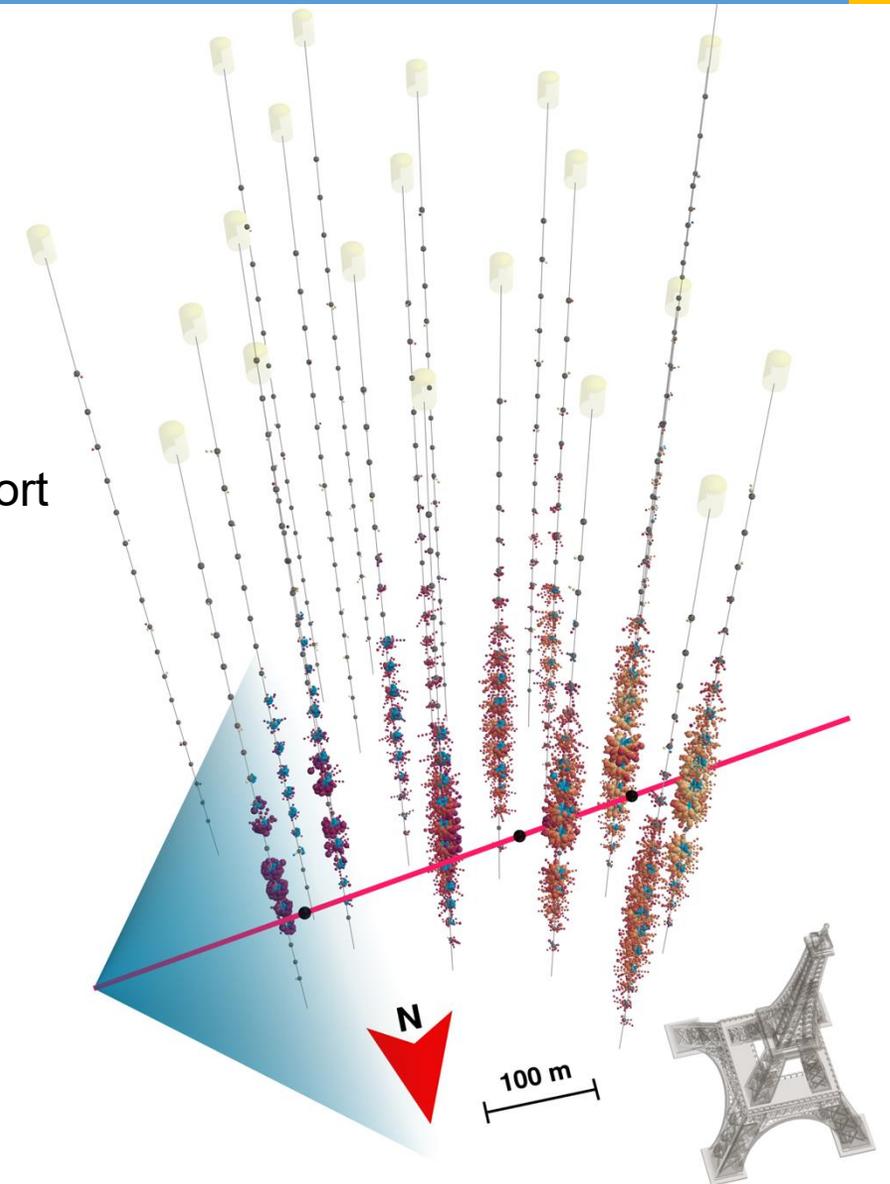




## Summary:

- ❖ KM3NeT keeps growing & collecting data
- ❖ Already competitive in astronomy (and beyond)
- ❖ New acoustic hardware on the way
- ❖ SUNSET.jl already able to model sound generation and transport
- ❖ Stay tuned for more exciting results! 😊

**Thank you for your attention!**



# Backup



[nature](#) > [news](#) > article

NEWS | 21 June 2024

## ‘Fantastic’ particle could be most energetic neutrino ever detected

The ultra-high-energy neutrino was spotted by deep-sea detectors and could point to a massive cosmic event.

By [Davide Castelvecchi](#)



An observatory still under construction at the bottom of the Mediterranean Sea has spotted what could be the most energetic neutrino ever detected. Such ultra-high-energy neutrinos – tiny subatomic particles that travel at nearly the speed of light – have been known to exist for only a decade or so, and are thought to be messengers from some of the Universe’s most

Paper to be published in Nature on  
12 February

stay tuned ...

## Online attention



- 318 tweeters
- 248 news outlets
- 10 Wikipedia page
- 46 Mendeley
- 20 blogs
- 2 Redditors
- 5 Facebook pages
- 11 Video uploaders

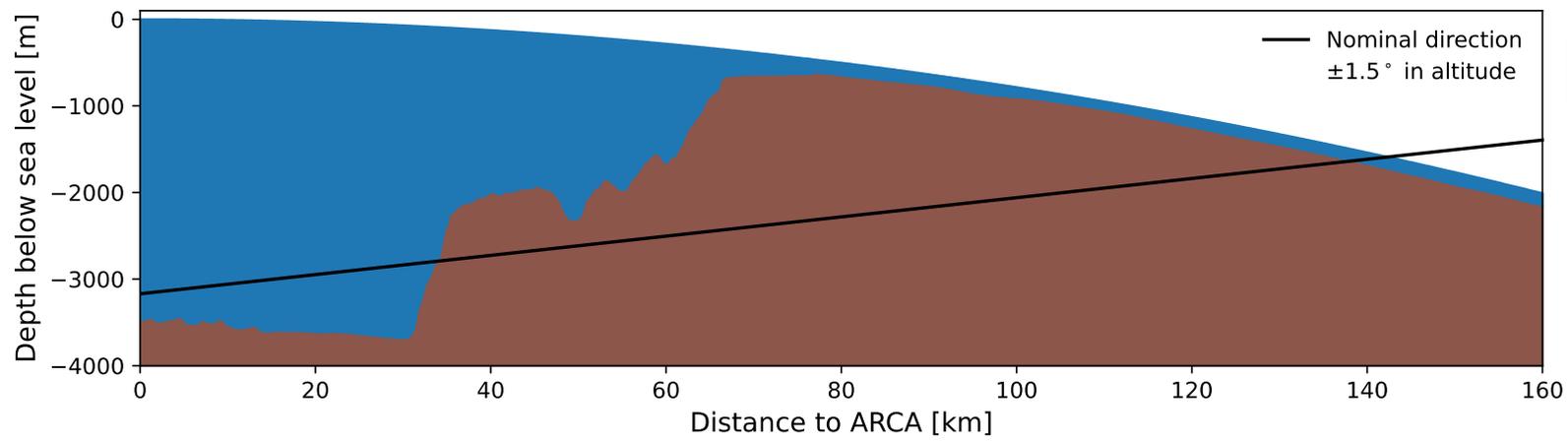
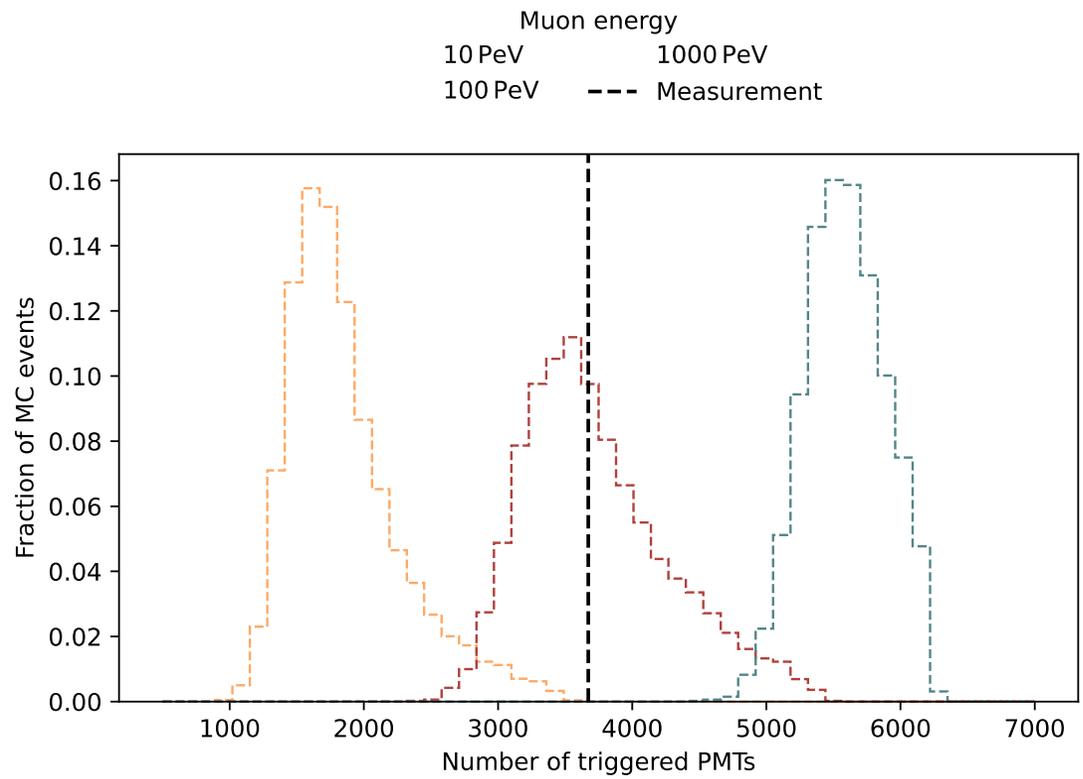
**Reco energies:**

$$E_{\mu} = (120^{+110}_{-60}) \text{ PeV}$$

$$E_{\nu} = (220^{+570}_{-110}) \text{ PeV}$$

**Origin:**

- galactic [1] x
- blazar [2] ?
- cosmogenic [3] ?
- BH merger [4] ?
- ...



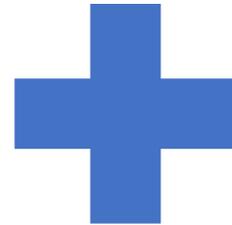
**Geometry:**

104 km of rock  
 38 km of water  
 309 km w. e. in total

[link to the paper](#)  
[link to the data](#)



Nicolaus Copernicus  
Astronomical Center  
Polish Academy of Sciences



AGH UNIVERSITY  
OF KRAKOW

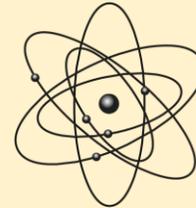
AGH

## ASTROCENT

Particle Astrophysics Science  
and Technology Centre  
International Research Agenda

- ❖ me 😊
- ❖ Mariusz Suchenek

## WFIS



AGH

WFIS:

- ❖ Artur Ukleja
- ❖ Tomasz Szumlak
- ❖ Agnieszka Obłąkowska-Mucha
- ❖ Mateusz Goncerz (post-doc)
- ❖ Saliha Bashir (post-doc)
- ❖ Kalyani Mehta (PhD student)
- ❖ Paweł Lewicki (PhD student)
- ❖ Zofia Stateczna (MSc student)
- ❖ Daniel Rakus (BSc student)



## CEAI

Center of Excellence in Artificial Intelligence

- ❖ me 😊

## Grants:

Under evaluation: OPUS (NCN)  
Next planned: MNiSW grant

# Detector design summary

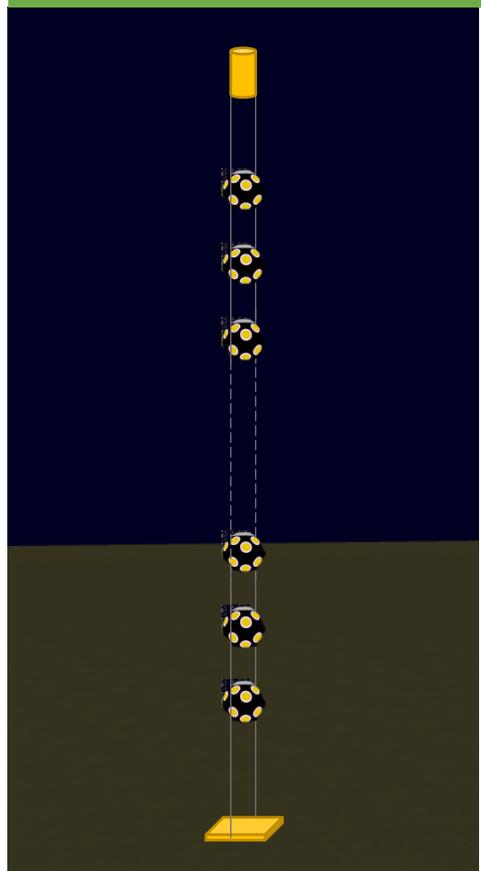
DOM:  
71 unique components



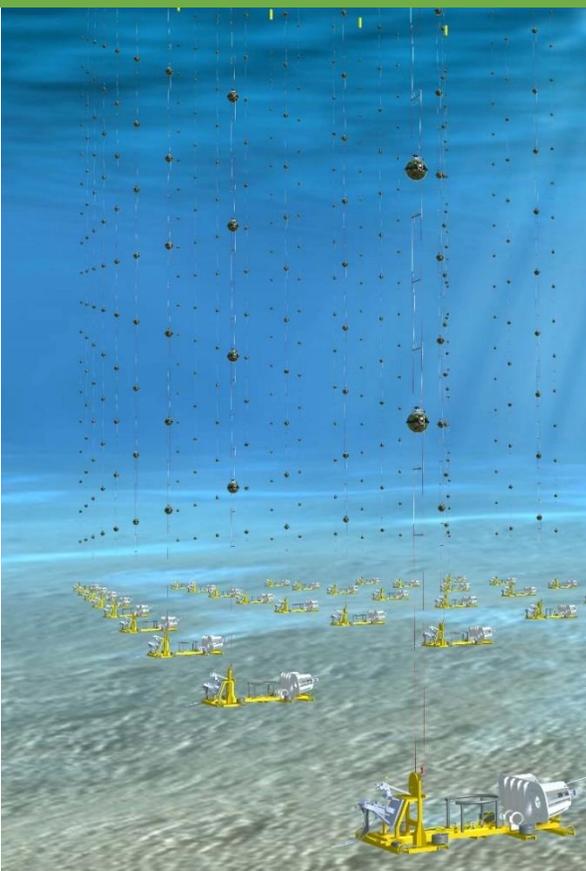
1 DOM:  
31 PMTs



1 string (DU):  
18 DOMs



1 building block:  
115 DUs



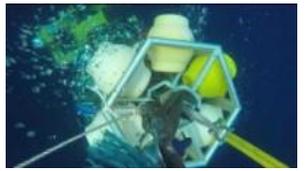
[DOM production:\(@Nikhef\)](#)



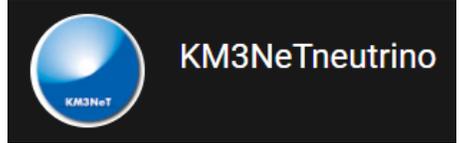
[Preparation for deployment:](#)

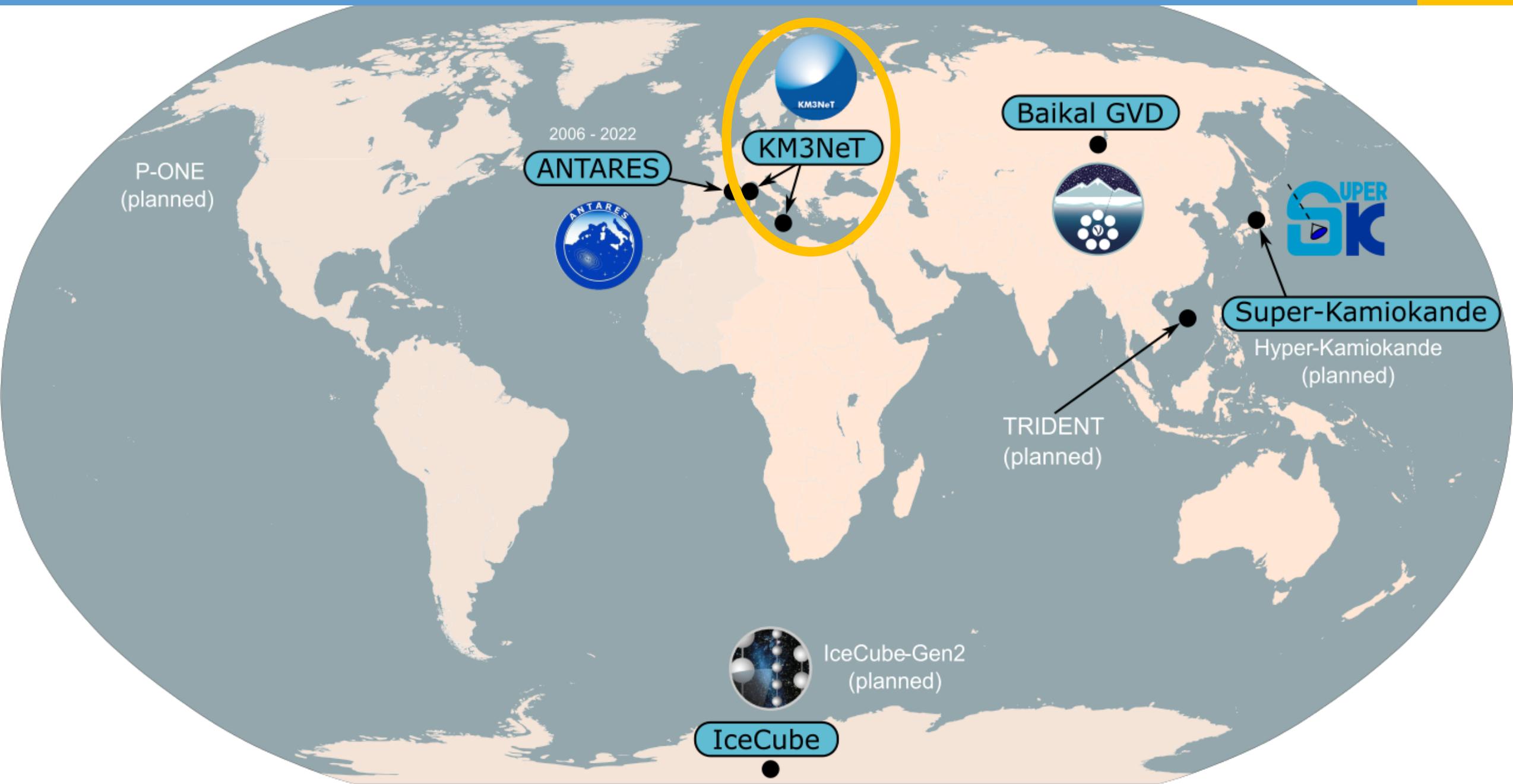


[String deployment:](#)



More at:  
[youtube.com/KM3NeTneutrino](https://youtube.com/KM3NeTneutrino)





## Digital Optical Module (DOM)

acrylic glass sphere with:

- 31 3" PMTs,
- readout electronics,
- pressure gauge,
- acoustic sensors,
- ...

2022 JINST 17 P0703

JATIS 7(1), 016001 (2021)

## Photomultiplier Tube (PMT)

converts light into electric signal

JINST13 (2018) P05035



Detection Unit (DU):  
vertical string with 18 DOMs

Eur. Phys. J. C 76 (2016) 76:54

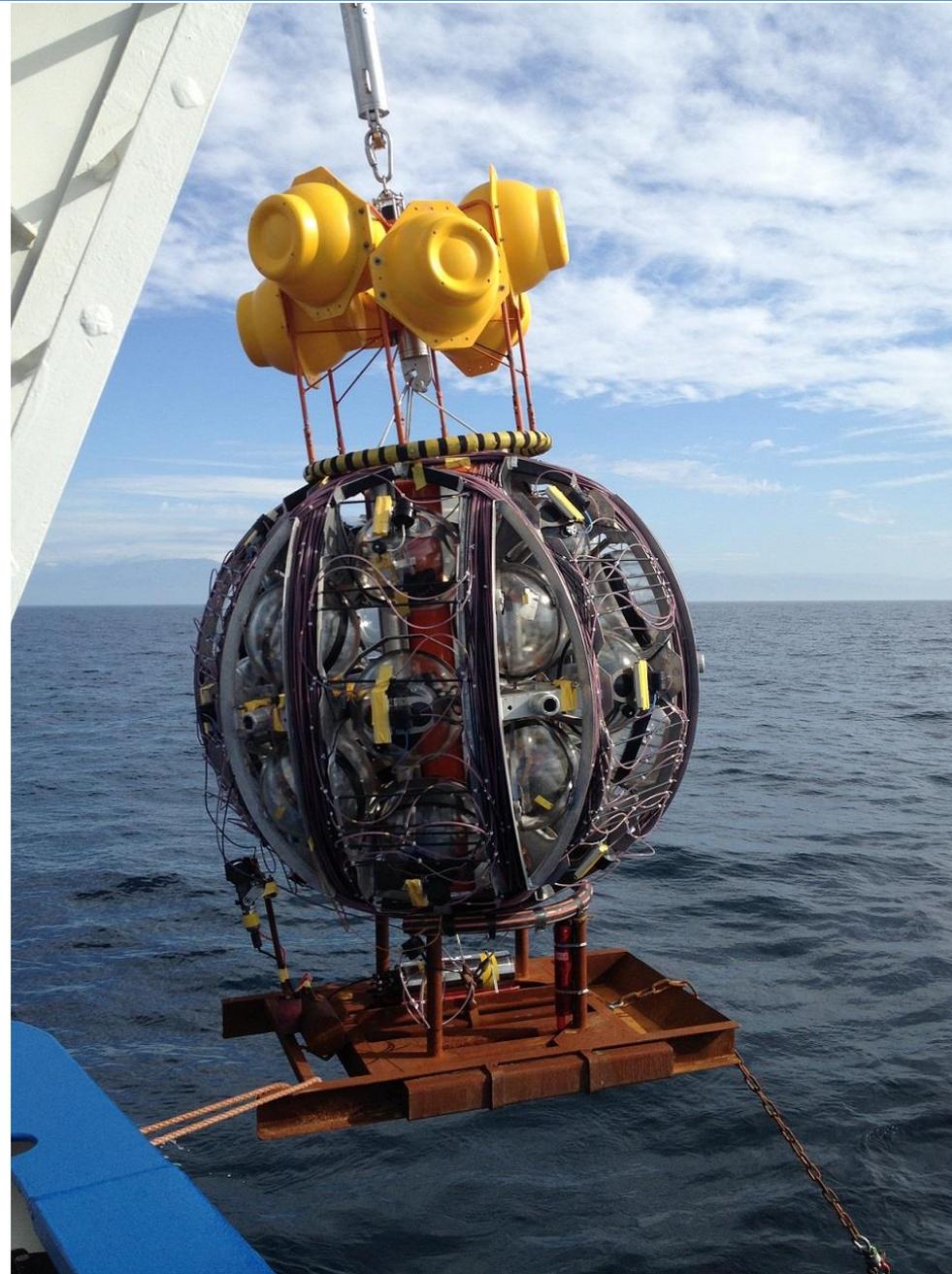
Naming:

ORCA6 ↔ ORCA with 6 strings

ARCA2 ↔ ARCA with 2 strings

etc.

2020 JINST 15 P11027



Detection Unit (DU):  
vertical **string** with 18 DOMs

Eur. Phys. J. C 76 (2016) 76:54

Naming:

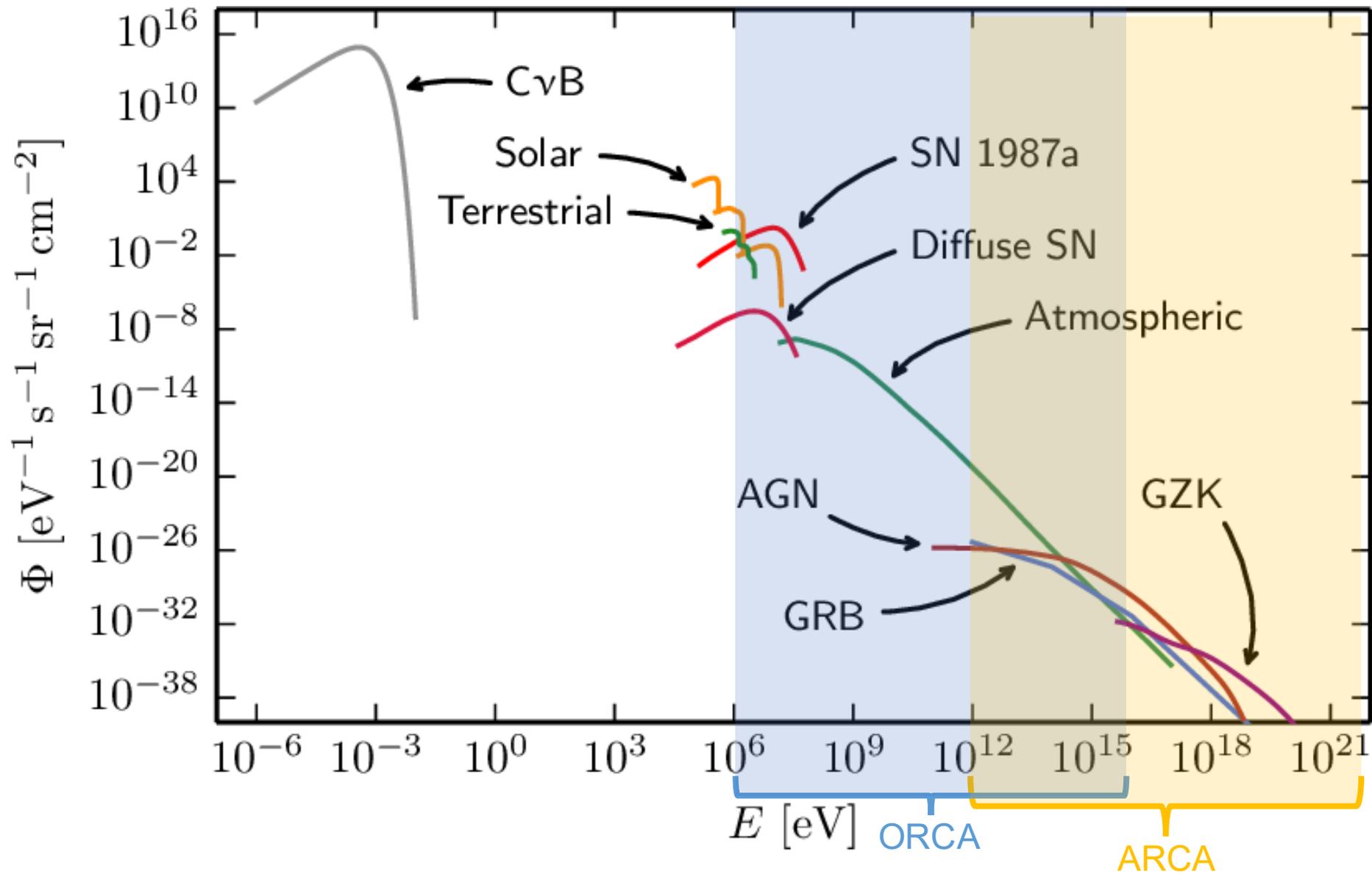
ORCA6 ↔ ORCA with 6 strings

ARCA2 ↔ ARCA with 2 strings

etc.

2020 JINST 15 P11027



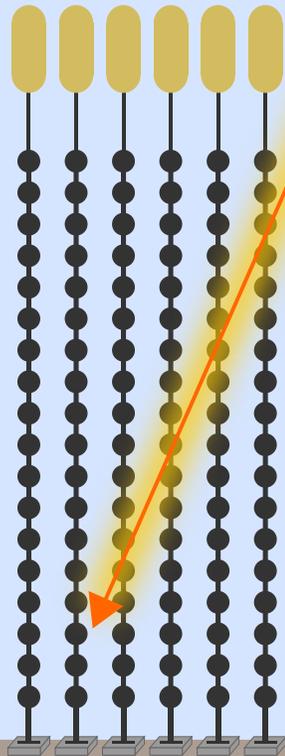


Examples of basic event topologies:

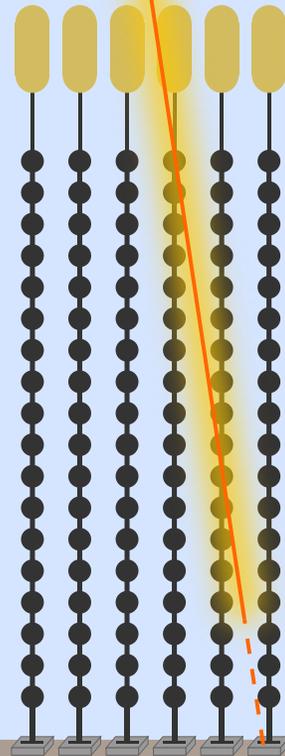
Classes based on combinations of:

- ❖ Direction
- ❖ Shape

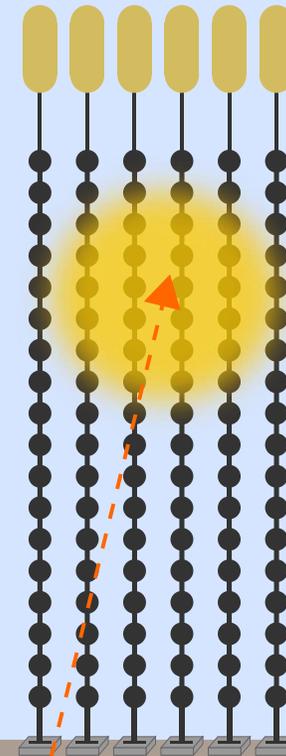
down-going track  
(typically atm.  $\mu$ )



up-going track  
(typically atm.  $\nu_\mu$ )



single cascade  
(typically atm.  $\nu_e/\nu_\tau$ )



double cascade  
(typically atm.  $\nu_\tau$ )

