New extremely light straw tube detector with a non-woven graphite-textile

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DRD1 collaboration meeting, 06/Oct/2025



Based on my talk @ VCI2025



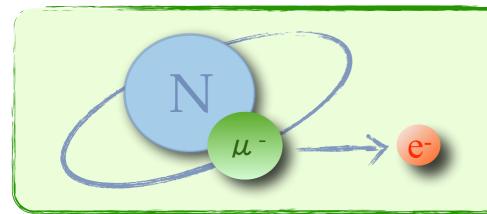
Contents

- * Motivation
 - * The COMET Experiment Search for "Muon-to-Electron" Conversion
 - ***** Extremely Light Material Tracker → *Vacuum-Compatible Ultra-thin Straw*
- Straw-Tracker Development
 - Present Straw
 - Future Straw
 - * Further Future Straw

Motivation

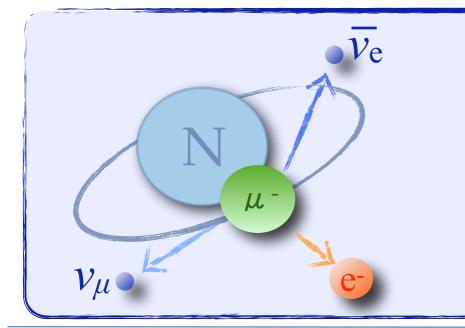
The COMET Experiment

- * An Experiment to Search for " μ - $N \rightarrow e$ -N" at J-PARC
 - Muon-to-Electron Conversion = Lepton Flavour Violation
 - Very sensitive to the TeV-scale new physics, BSM
 - → Complementary and Competitive to the LHC



* Signal

- * $E_{\rm e} = m_{\mu} B_{\mu} \sim 105 {\rm MeV}$
- * Coherent Process ($Z_{\text{ini}}=Z_{\text{end}}$)



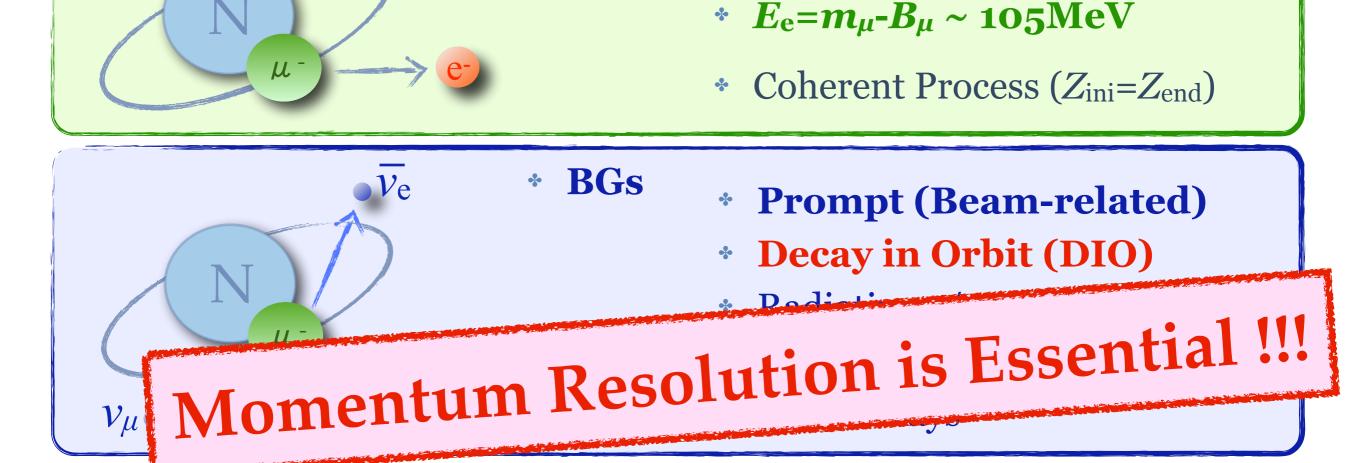
* BGs

- * Prompt (Beam-related)
- Decay in Orbit (DIO)
- * Radiative π/μ -capture
- Decay in Flight (DIF)
- Cosmic-rays

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related)

Need to achieve, at least, < 200 keV/c for 100MeV/c e

Tracker for COMET

Need to achieve, at least, $\sigma_p/p < 200 \text{ keV/}c \text{ for } 100 \text{MeV/}c \text{ e}$

- Material budget (Multiple Scattering) is Essential
 - Need to be <u>made by a very light material</u>
 - * Gaseous detector is suitable solution, eq. drift chamber
 - * Need to be operational in vacuum
 - Required also by particle transportation



Not only COMET, also Mu2e (μ -e conv.), Muon g-2 Fermilab, NA62 CERN ($K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$), etc...

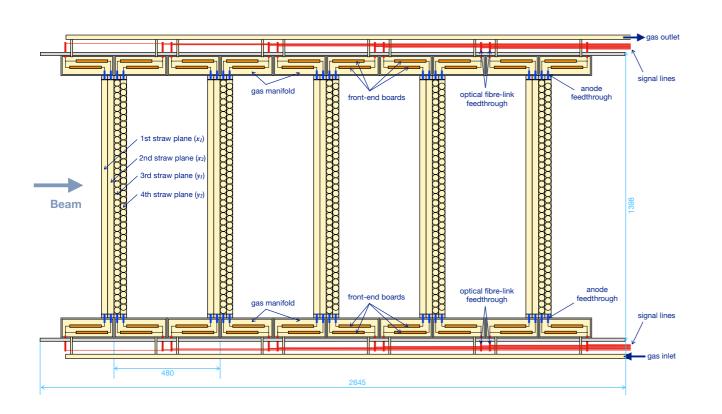
* Solution: Vacuum-compatible Straw Tracker made by thin film

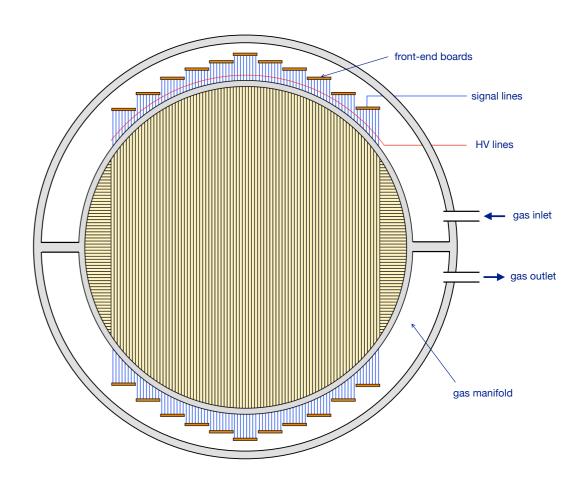
1) Present Straw

t20μm φ10mm Mylar + 70nm Al For **COMET Phase-I**

The COMET Straw Tracker

* Planar wire-chamber-base tracker in Vacuum → Straw Tracker

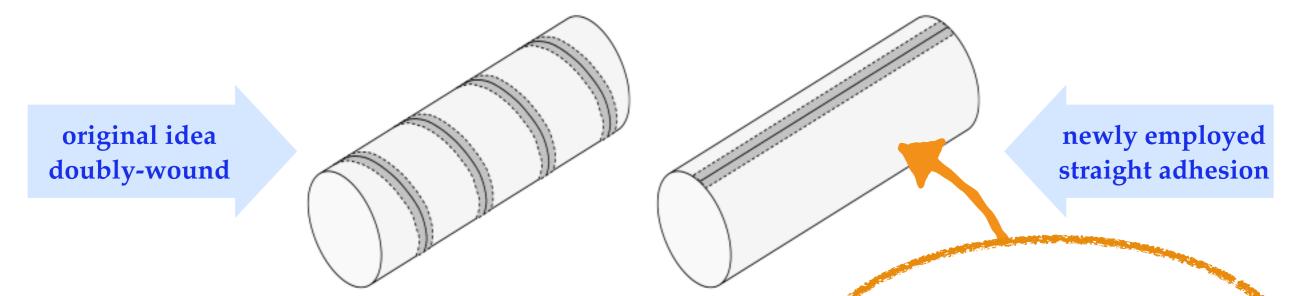




- * Five super-layers (Station) consist of 4 planes of straw tubes
 - * 2 planes for *x*-coordinate and 2 planes for *y*-coordinate, each layers are staggered by half a cell to solve the left-right ambiguity.
- * All tracker modules are installed in vacuum.
- Timing(Trigger) is provided by the electromagnetic calorimeter.

Straw Tube as a Wire Chamber

- * Two methods to make a very-thin & gas-tight straw
 - * "Doubly-wound" style & "Straight adhesion" style



- * Doubly-wound type;
 - Easily obtained in the commercial market.
 - Limit to achieve an extremely thin wall
- * Straight-adhesion type;
 - Big advantage from the view point of material budget
 - It was difficult to keep a true circle x-section ← Enabled by NA62 collaboration by Ultra-Sonic Welding technique.

COMET employs straight adhesion, and aims to achieve an even thiner straw wall

Status of Present Straw





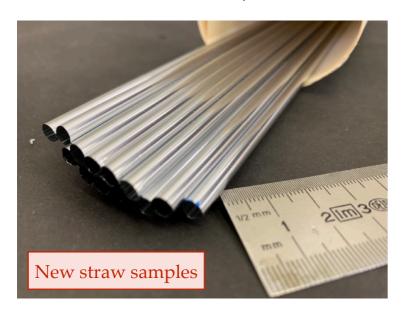
* Straw Tracker for COMET Phase-I is almost ready!!

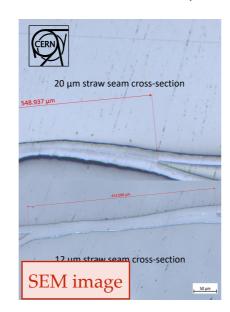
2) Future Straw

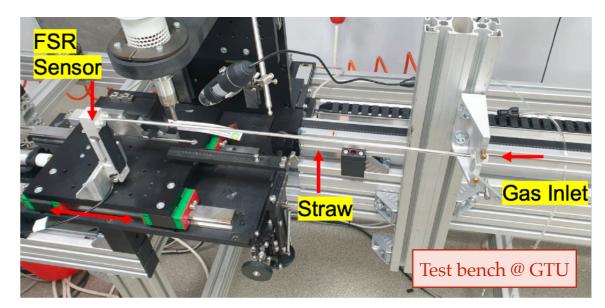
t12μm φ5mm Mylar + 70nm Al For COMET Phase-II

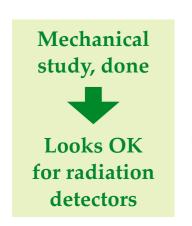
Development of future straw

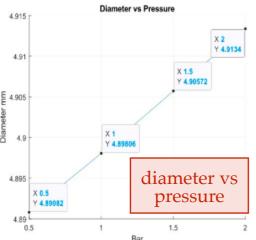
- New straw R&D launched → "12µm thickness and 5mm diameter"
 - Straw production @ Georgia Tech Univ, Well established!
 - * Assembly technique R&D by joint effort with NA62 collaboration at CERN (H. Danielsson et. al.)

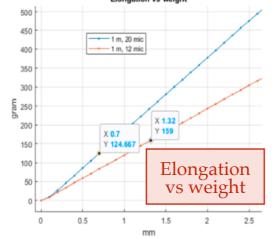


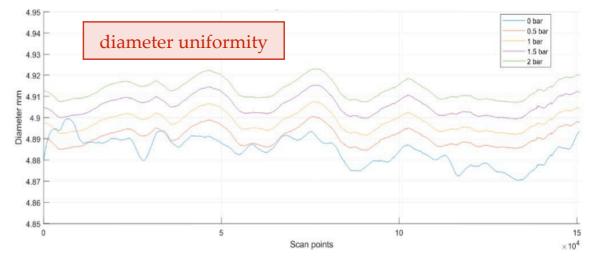








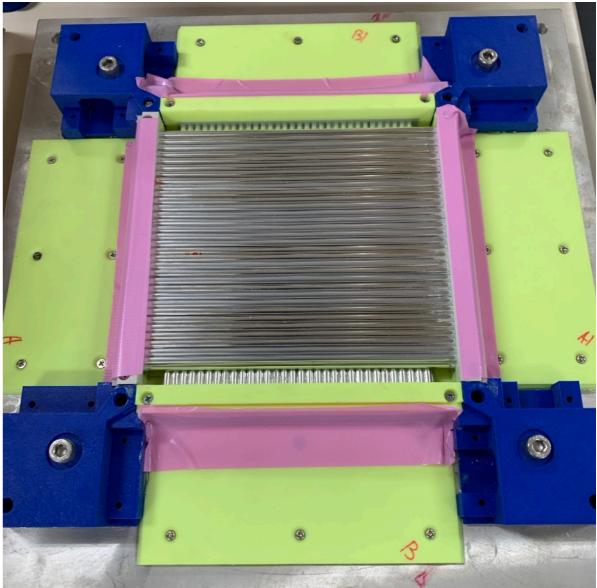




Prototype

*w/ t12μm φ5mm straw, New prototype, constructed @ J-PARC

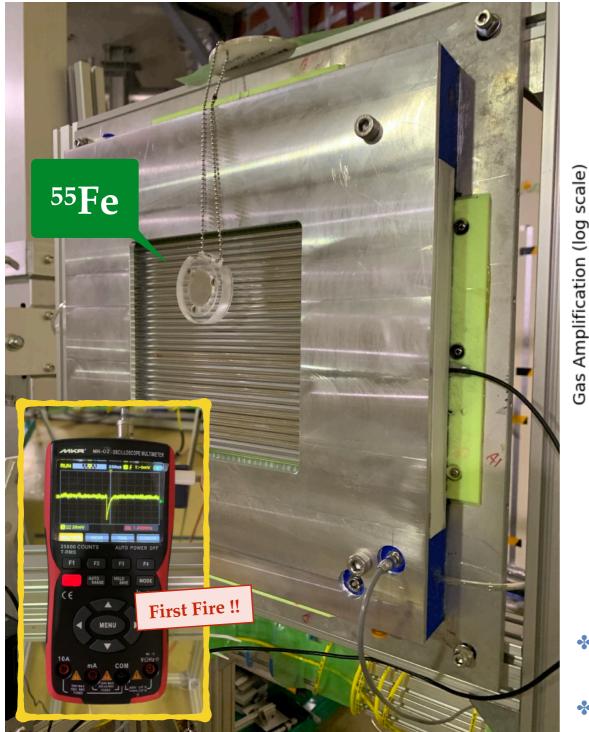


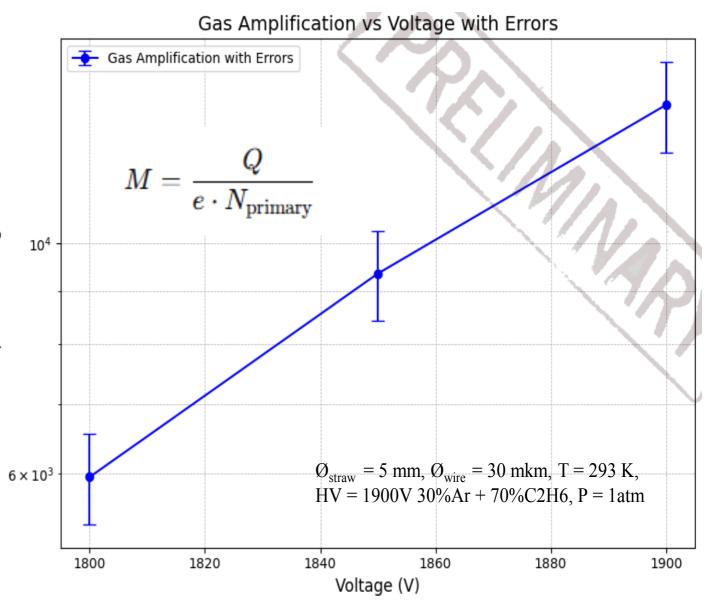


*32 x 32 straws (2-layer) prototype was completed

Prototype, cont'd

*X-ray signal from ⁵⁵Fe was successfully obtained (Ar/C2H6 50:50, >1.8kV)





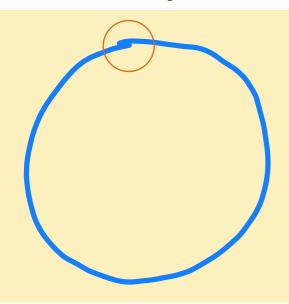
- * Fundamental studies are ongoing.
- * Test-beam, Will be performed soon

3) Further Future Straw

t6μm φ3mm Graphite For Further Future Experiments

Technical limitation

- Straight adhesion by Ultrasonic Welding
 - * (Maybe) 12µm-thickness is a limit



"Seam width" is critical;

- Need to be wide enough to keep tightness
- Need to be **narrow** enough to keep **roundness**

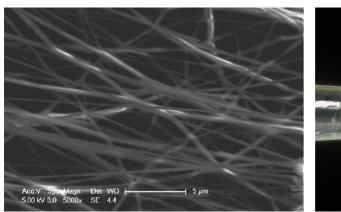
- Doubly-wound adhesion
 - * (Maybe) Also close to a limit
 - * Need a glue, cannot reduce a certain amount of glue

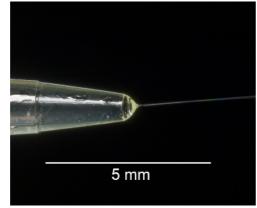


Need a Paradigm Shift!!

Idea of a Seamless Straw

* Paid attention to the "electrospinning" technique by the newest nanotechnology = Popular for non-woven fabric products





Electrospinning is a fiber production method that uses electric force to draw charged threads of polymer solutions or polymer melts up to fiber diameters in the order of some hundred nanometers.

- * By the electrospinning method, we can produce a kind of polymer fabric.
 - → by using "a bar (or a tube) target" for electrospinning, a seamless and extremely thin polymer tube can be realized!!

Issues to be solved:

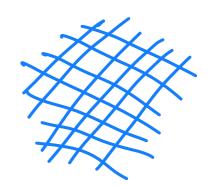
- 1. Gas-tightness
- 2. Conductivity

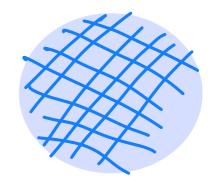
The Free Encyclopedia

Can we solve issues? YES!

Gas-tightness

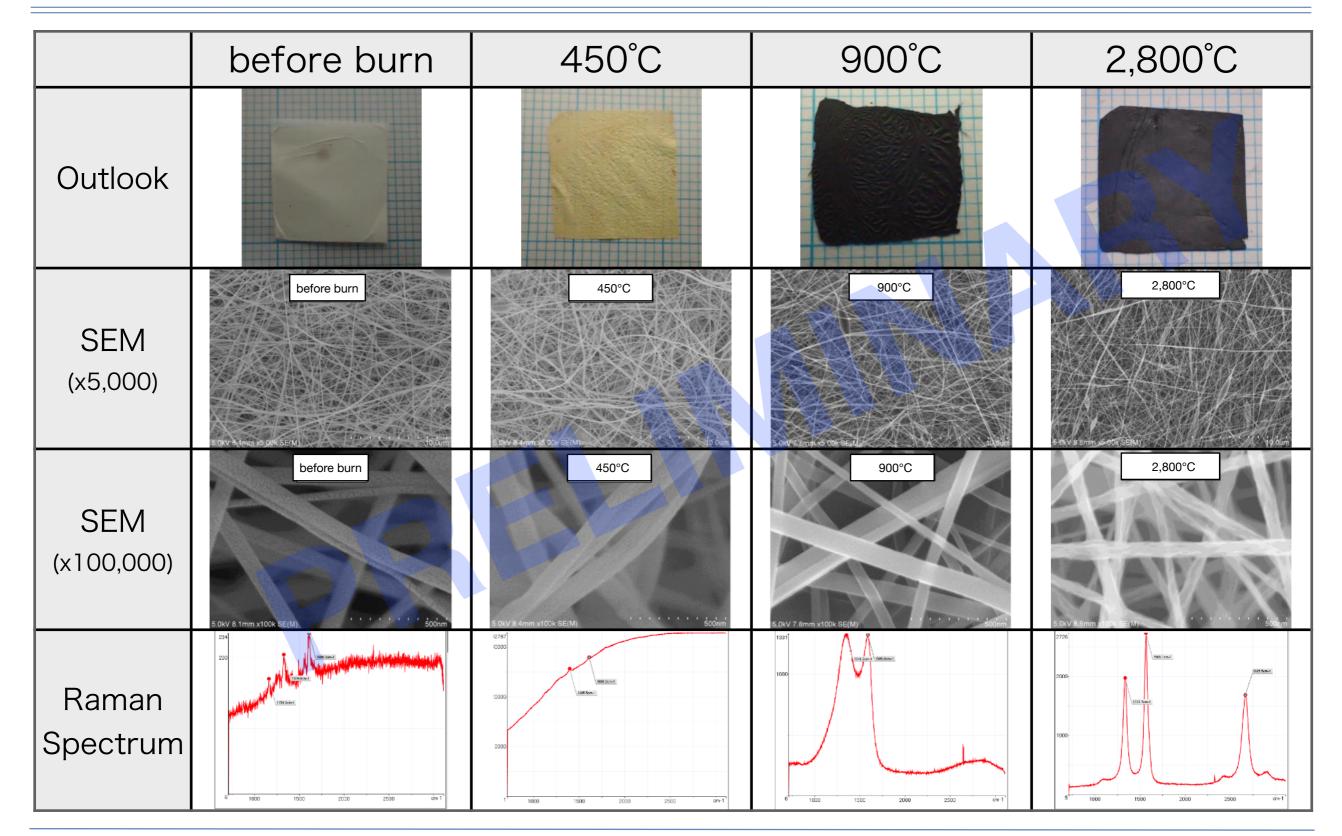
- * At the 1st step (polymer fabric), polymer straw is made with a polyamic-acid solution (=base of Polyimide).
- * At the 2nd step, by impregnation (soaking) with a polyamic-acid solution into polymer straw, gastight straw is realized.

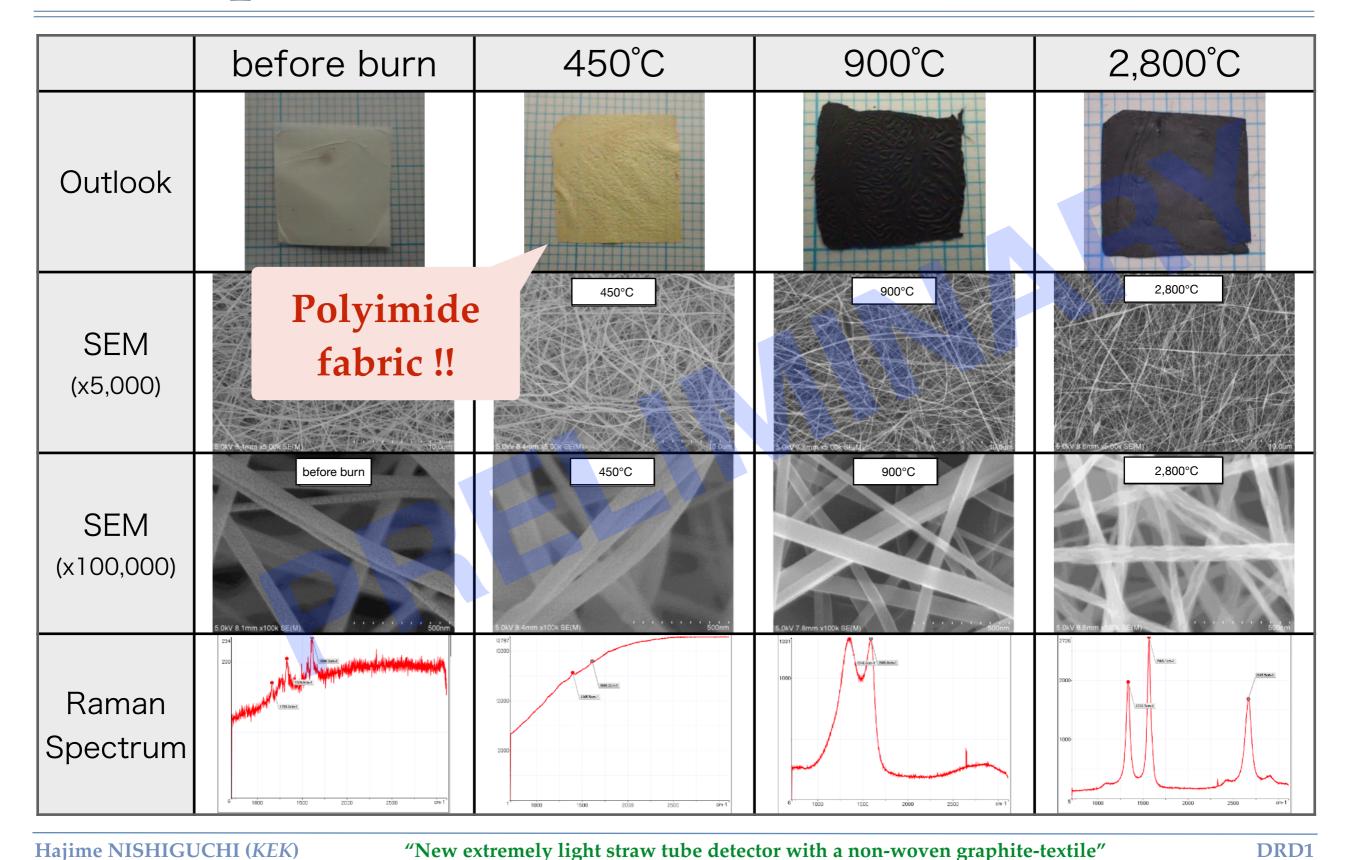


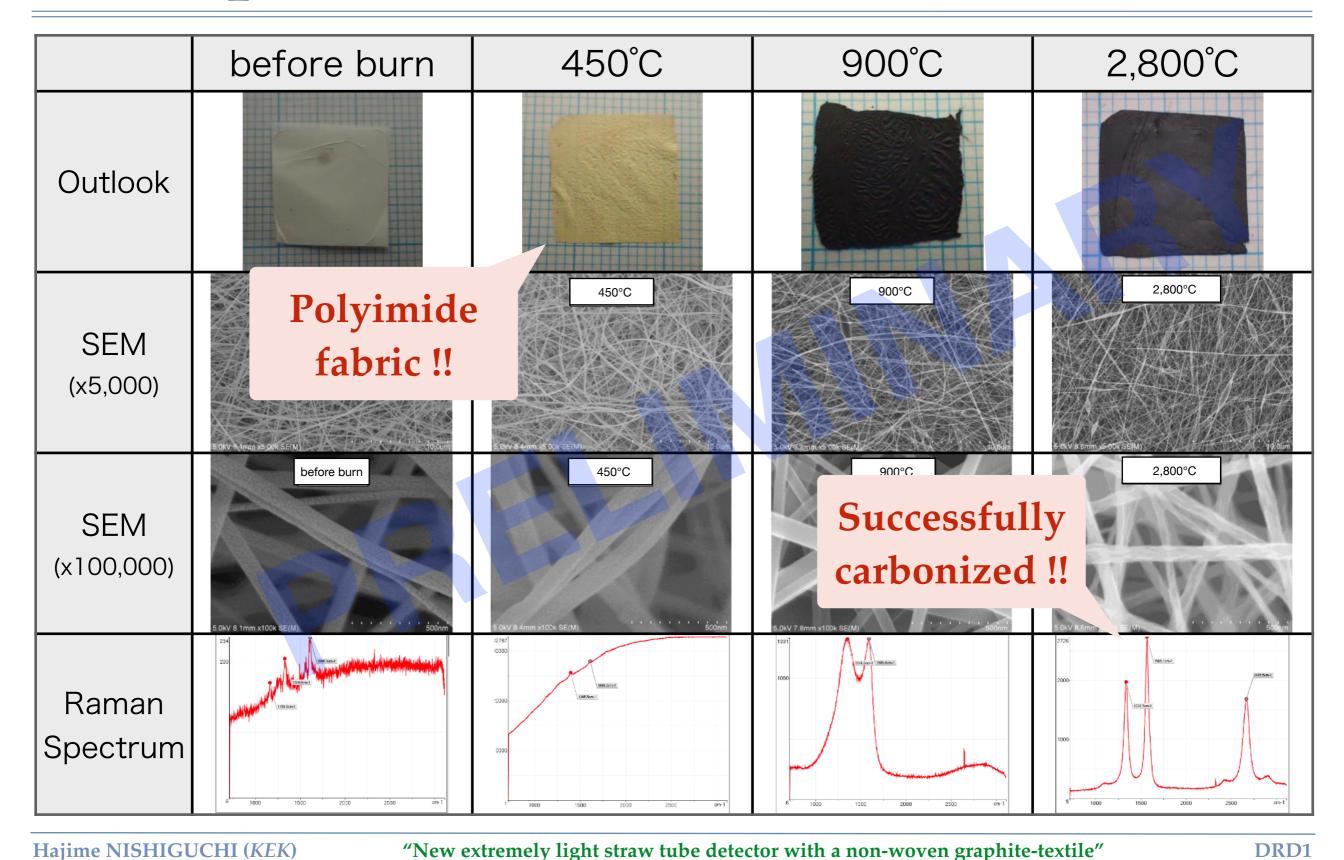


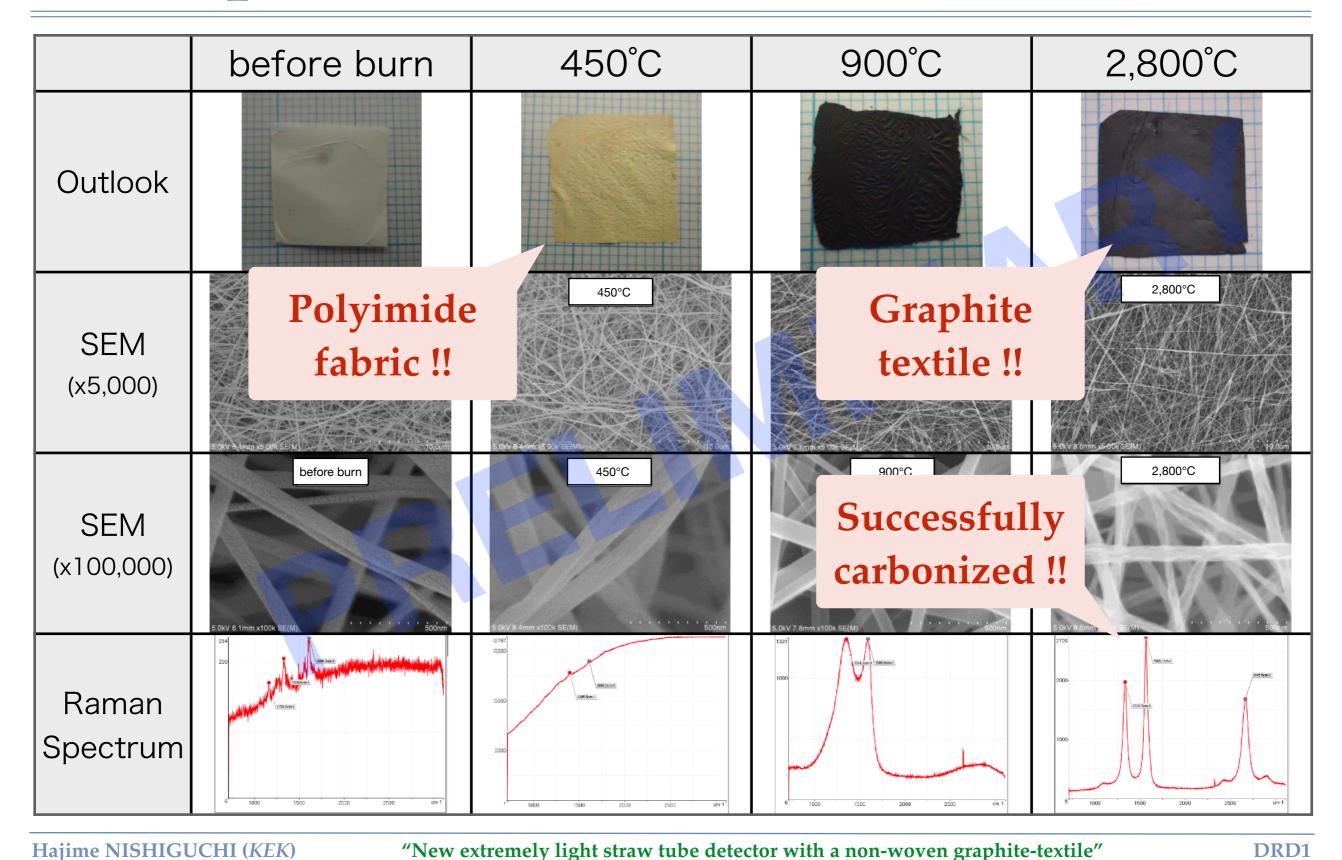
Conductivity

- * To make it a cathode of wire chamber, inner surface of straw should be metalized.
- * By burning it, it can be carbonized !! → Graphite Straw
 - A graphite straw can make a paradigm shift !!







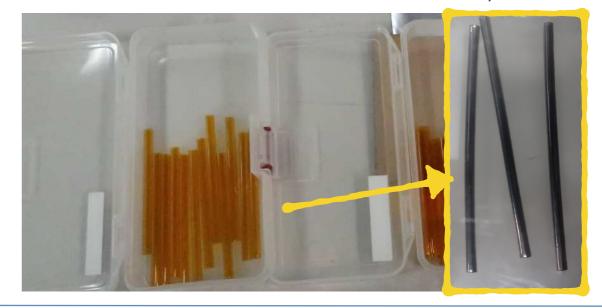


Now, make it as Straw tube!

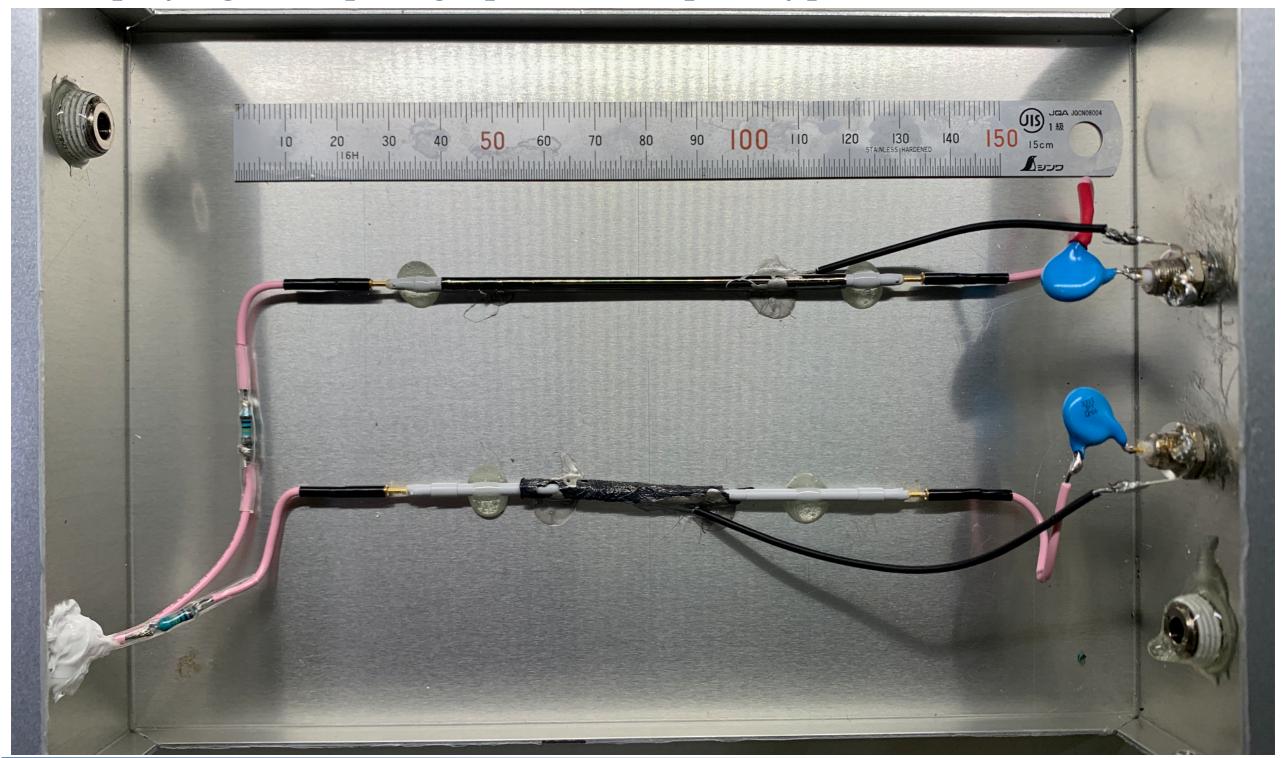
- * By electrospining with a bar target, then burning it to 900°C
- PI-textile straw was produced ①
- * Soaking PAA into PI-textile straw, then burning it again to 900°C
- PI straw tube was successfully produced !! (φ3.5mm)
- * Burning it again up to 2,800°C
- * Graphite straw was successfully produced!! 3



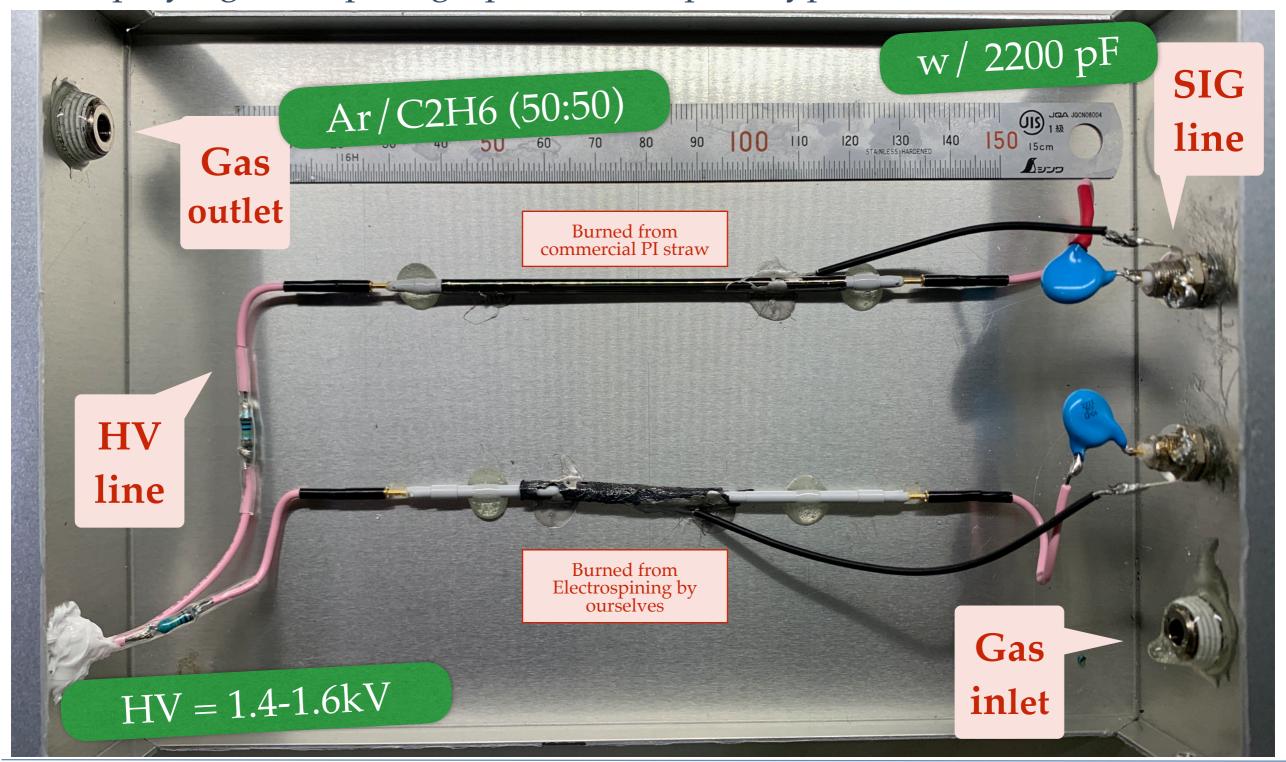
* As a reference sample, commercial PI tubes were also burned. (φ3.5mm)

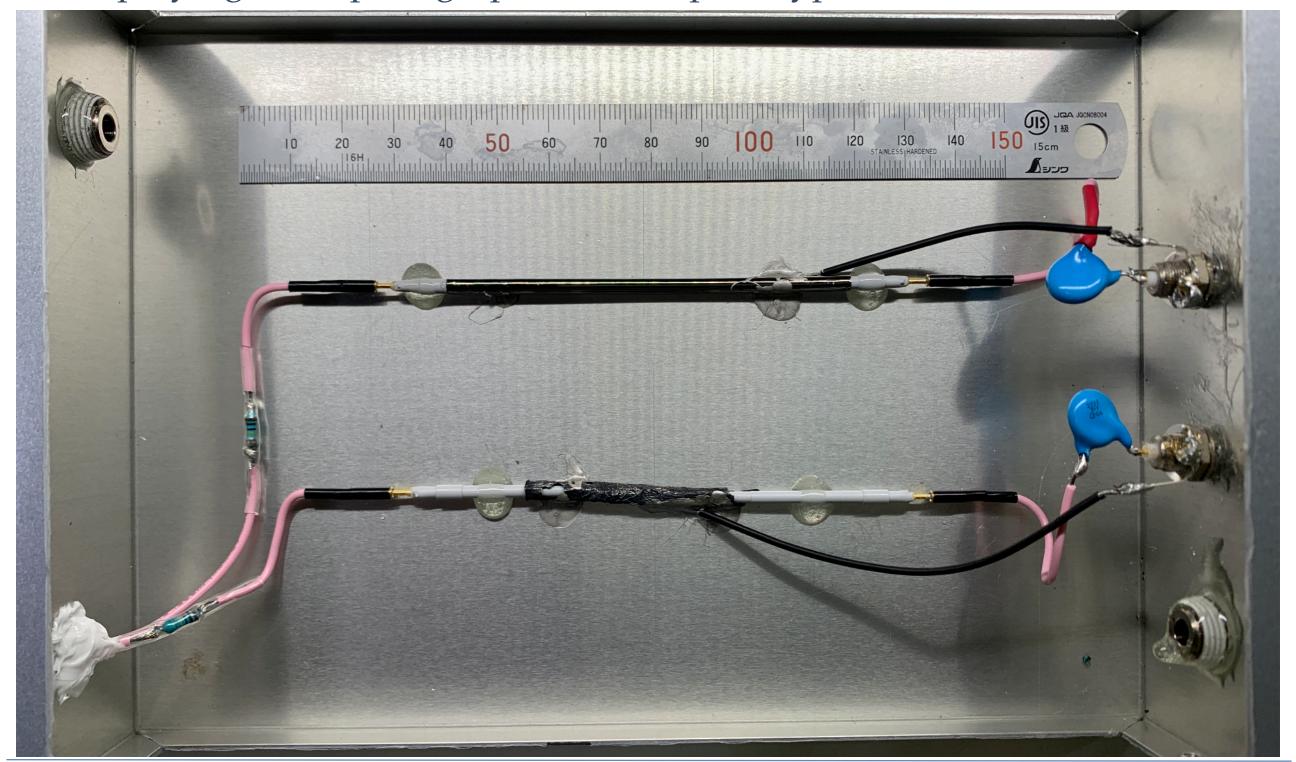


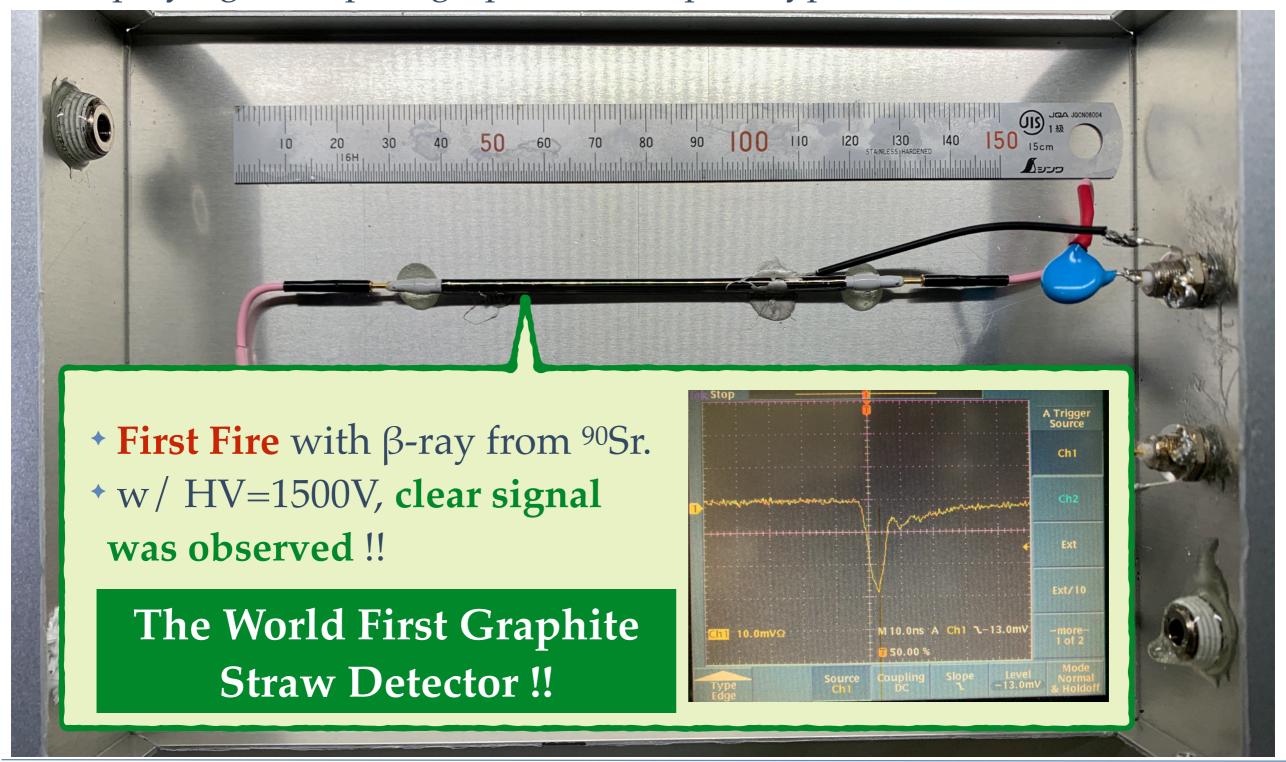
Prototyping!!

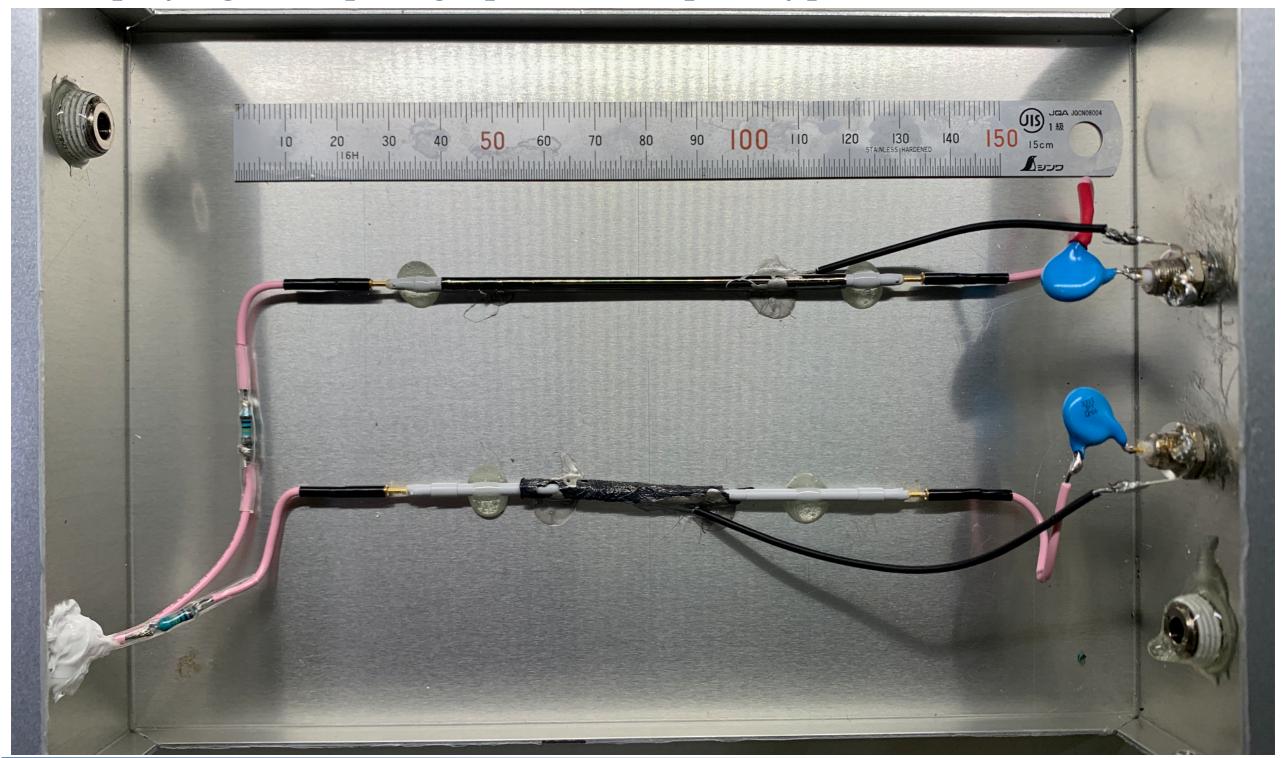


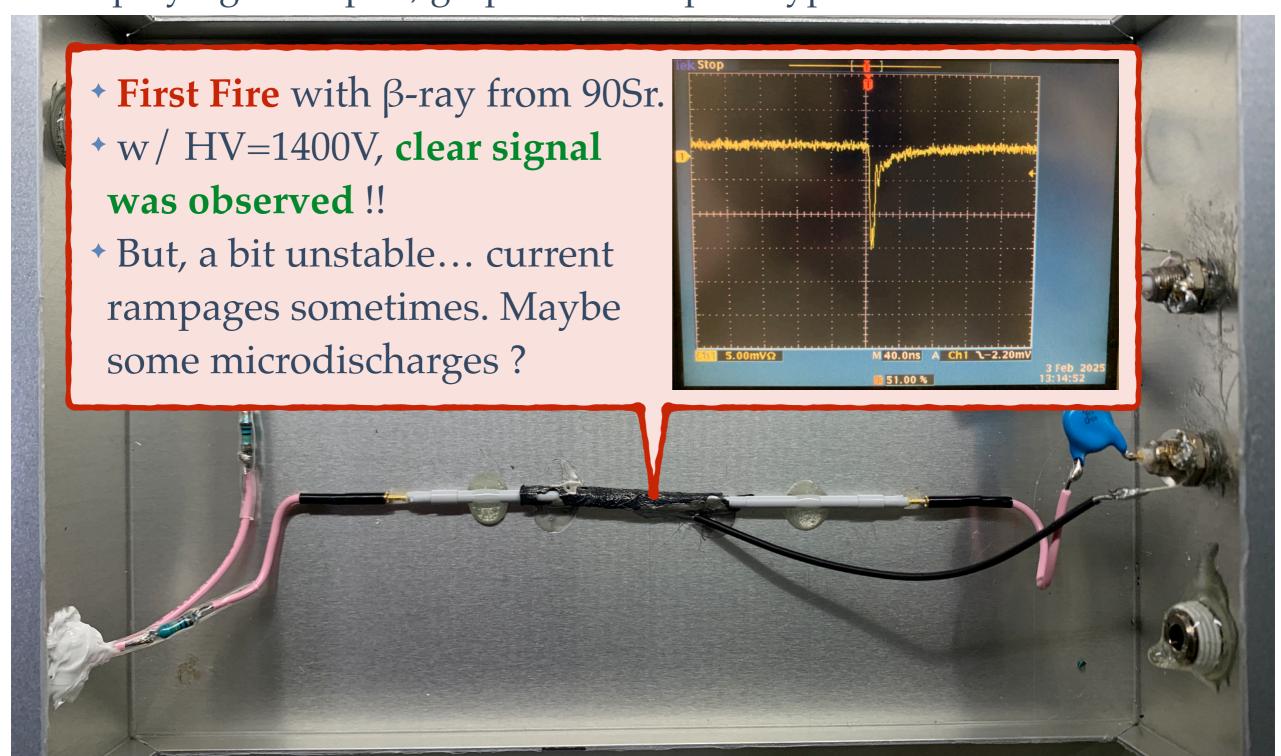
Prototyping!!











Some Prospects...

- * World First Graphite Straw-tube Detector
 - * Advantages; Extremely Thin, Metalization is not necessary, Robust against radiation and heat, Good Conductivity, etc.
 - * Disadvantages; Need many R&Ds to make it stably
- * Ideas of Application, Under Discussion
 - * eg. target, radiation-hard electrodes
 - * Even for other than radiation detectors!
 - * idea-1) Sheet-type electrode for capacitor, idea-2) Sheet-type heating element, idea-3) Harsh environment gas sensor, idea-4) Electromagnetic filter, and idea-5) Cell current element in Biology, were already proposed by some material scientists.

thanks!