



Annual report - Circumstellar matter around RR Lyrae stars

Gergely Hajdu

Academic activities 2024 – member of the Araucaria project – main organizer of the Journal Club at CAMK: Nov. 2022 - Dec. 2024

Academic activities 2024

- member of the Araucaria project
- main organizer of the Journal Club at CAMK:
 Nov. 2022 Dec. 2024
- 7 publications as co-author (2 as second author)
- 1 manuscript submitted to NA
- 2 conferences:

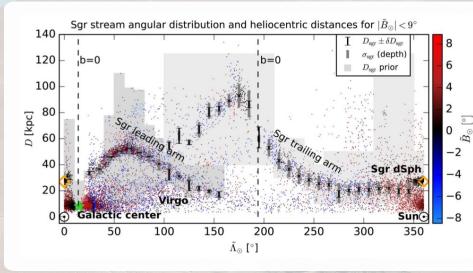
Dust Devils, Tucson, Arizona, USA RRL conference, Marrakesh, Morocco

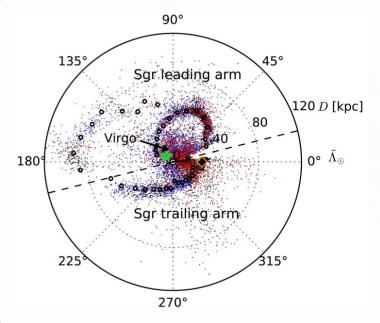
- 1 trip to the Cerro Murphy Observatory
- 1 master student co-advised

RR Lyrae stars: excellent tracers of Population II

Easy to find:

- bright (40 60 L_{Sun})
- characteristic light curve
- tracing old populations





Hernitschek+2017

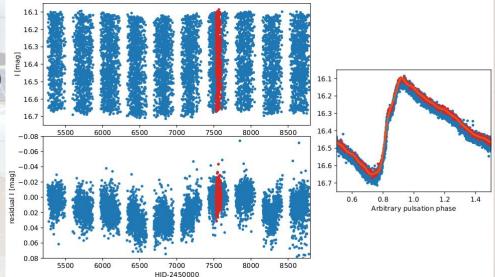
RR Lyrae stars with variable mean brightness

Visually inspected:

- O-C of 27,480 OGLE RRab
- with LCs (folded and unfolded)
- 87 binary candidates (Hajdu+2021)

Light-curve anomalies: – some RR Lyrae change mean brightness with time

OGLE-BLG-RRLYR-33665



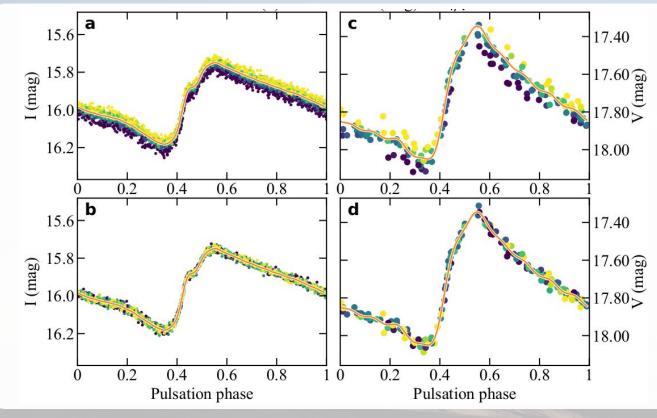
Modified Fourier fitting process OGLE-BLG-RRLYR-12793 I-band fitting: 15.6 **a** – Fourier series 15.8 I (mag) + variable mean magnitude 16.016.2 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 15.6 **b** 15.8 I (mag) 16.0 16.2 0.2 0.8 0 0.4 0.6 Pulsation phase

Modified Fourier fitting process

OGLE-BLG-RRLYR-12793

I-band fitting: – Fourier series + variable mean magnitude

V-band fitting: – Fourier series + I-band mean magnitude X extra constant

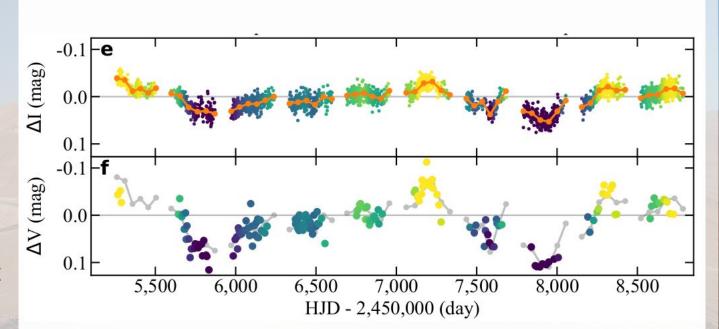


Modified Fourier fitting process

I-band fitting:

Fourier series+ variable meanmagnitude

V-band fitting: – Fourier series + I-band mean magnitude × extra constant = A(V) / A(I)

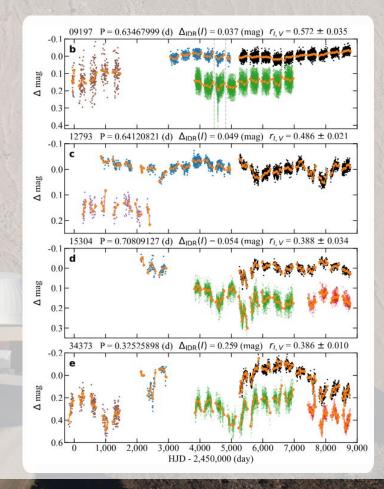


OGLE-BLG-RRLYR-12793

Properties of the sample Prevalence:

- 72 stars (71 RRab, 1 RRc)
- 5 / 72 binary candidates

Comparison of light curves from different surveys: – all surveys show the same behavior for the same stars



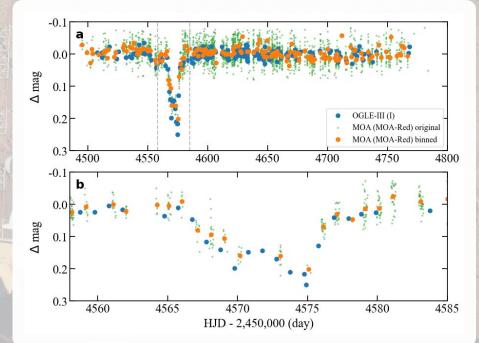
Properties of the sample Prevalence:

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 eclipse event for 09197 is confirmed by MOA data!



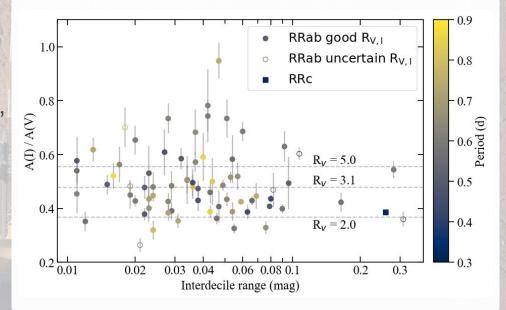
Properties of the sample

Prevalence:

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A(I)/A(V) distribution:

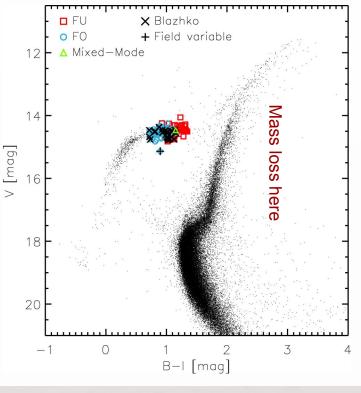
- broad distribution from 0.35 to 0.8, wider than "normal" extinction - supports a circumstellar (probably circumbinary) dusty origin - moderate dust masses (a: ~1.3 x 10^{18} kg) (c: ~6.7 x 10^{17} kg) (e: ~1.1 x 10^{18} kg)



Connection to other kinds of stars

Things to consider:

- present in binary systems, ~ Porb
- circumbinary dust? companion?
- source of dust? RRL itself? WD?

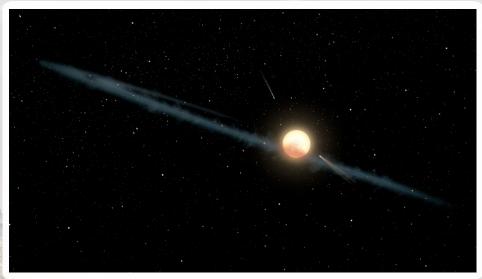


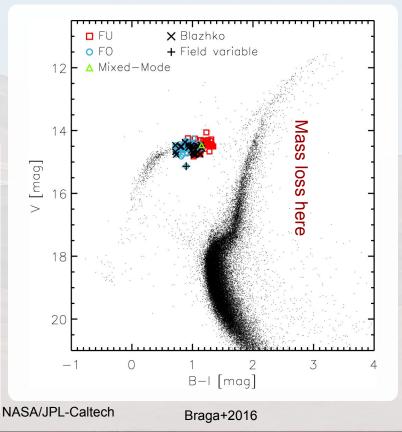
Braga+2016

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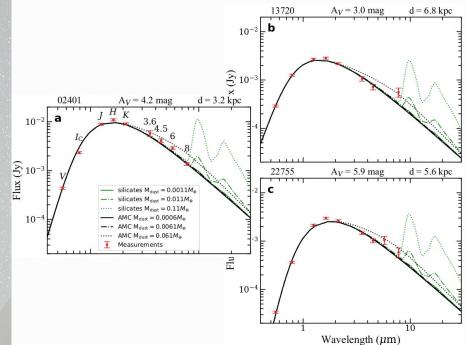




- Sectral energy distributions SED model:
- DUSTY spherical model
- BB 6200K, inner dust temperature
 800K (~4AU)
- AMC and silicate models

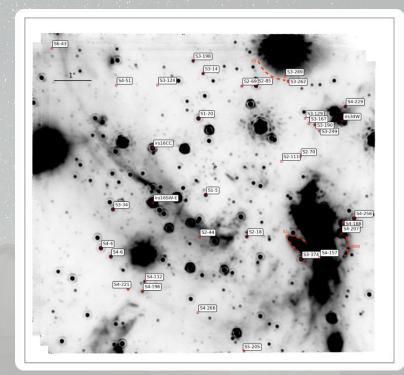
Observations:

- brightness and crowding limited (Spitzer, WISE)
- only 3 stars detected at 8um (GLIMPSE)
- no sign of IR excess



Alternative explanation

variable interstellar extinction
recently claimed for the Galactic
center region (Haggard+2024)
dust concentrated in arcs



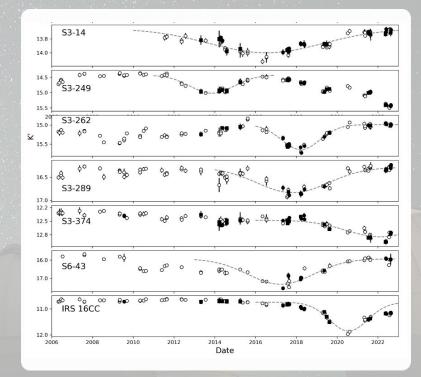
Haggard+2024

Alternative explanation

- variable interstellar extinction
 recently claimed for the Galactic center region (Haggard+2024)
- dust concentrated in arcs
- large proper motion of stars
- variable extinction

+

 PM difference between dust and bulge RR Lyrae ~200 km/s



Haggard+2024

Additional clues OGLE Galactic bulge RRL sample: – huge mess: strongly correlated parameters

some RRL in the foreground, our sample does not follow the bulge RRL
proper motions markedly different compared to bulge RRL

→ halo interloper population?
 RV data missing (10/71)

