

Hyper-Kamiokande

Marcin Ziembicki

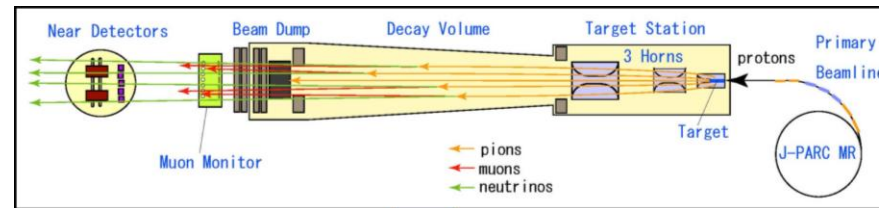
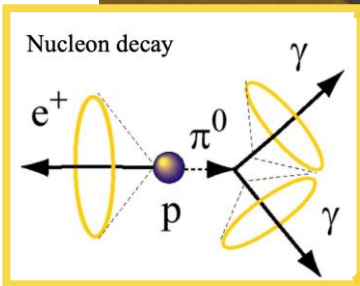
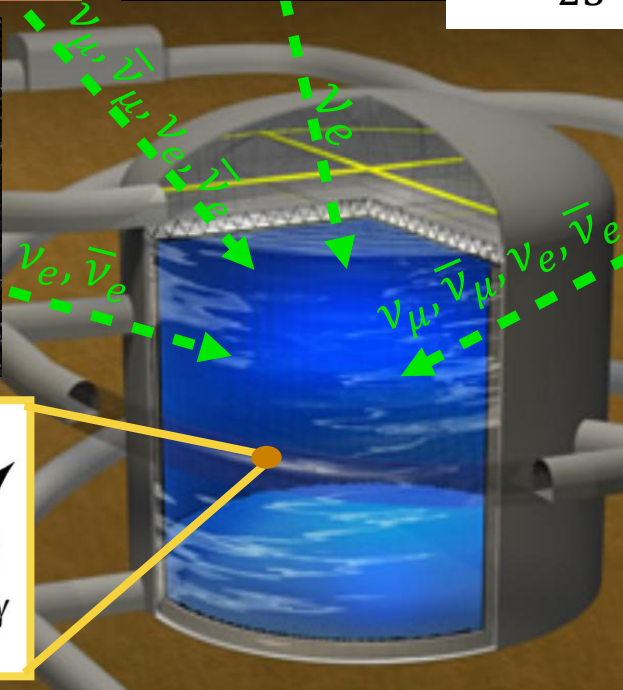
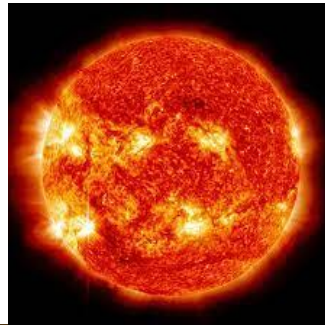
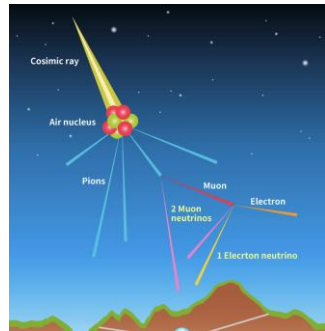
*Particle Astrophysics Science and Technology Centre, Nicolaus Copernicus Astronomical Center
and Warsaw University of Technology, Institute of Radioelectronics and Multimedia Technology*

Hyper-Kamiokande Experiment – Physics Goals

The next generation water Cherenkov experiment in Japan

Oscillation of accelerator and atmospheric ν 's

- CP violation \rightarrow matter/antimatter asymmetry
- Neutrino mass ordering (MO) $\rightarrow \nu$ masses, input for $0\nu\beta\beta$ and direct mass experiments
- θ_{23} octant and δ_{CP} \rightarrow lepton symmetries



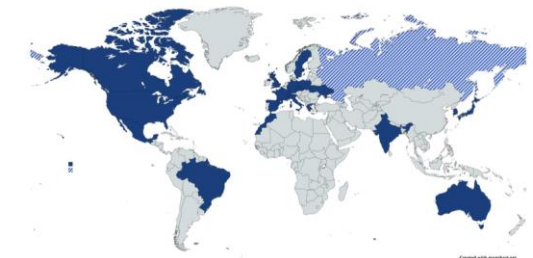
Other physics program:

- Solar ν 's
- Supernova burst and diffuse background ν 's
- Search for proton decay
- Indirect Dark Matter search



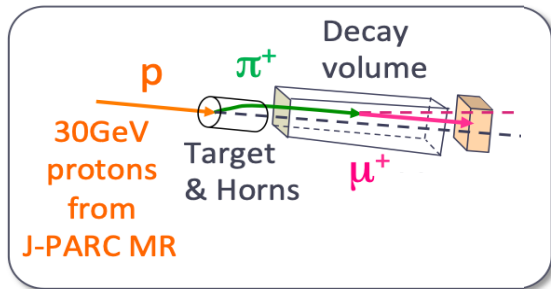
- 22 countries, 106 institutes, ~650 people (December 2024)

- Still growing (~24% Japanese and ~76% non-Japanese)



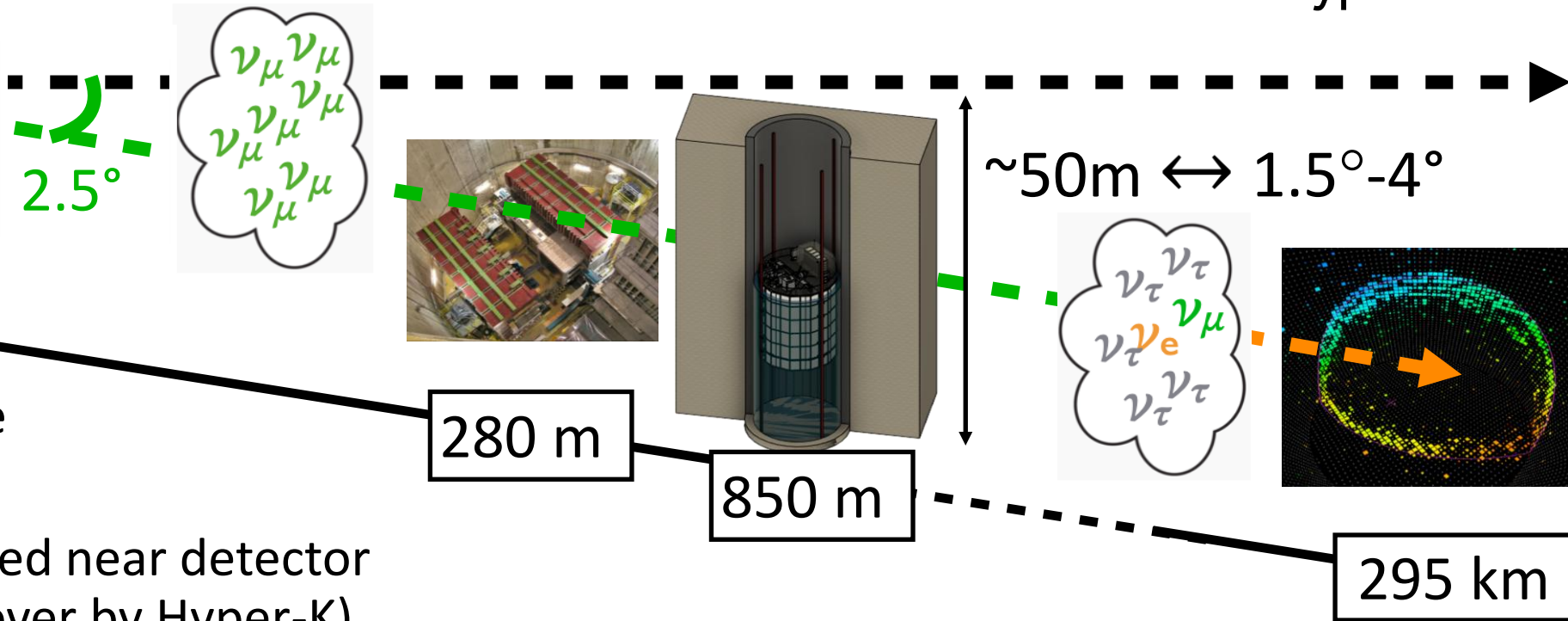
Hyper-Kamiokande Experiment

J-PARC beamline



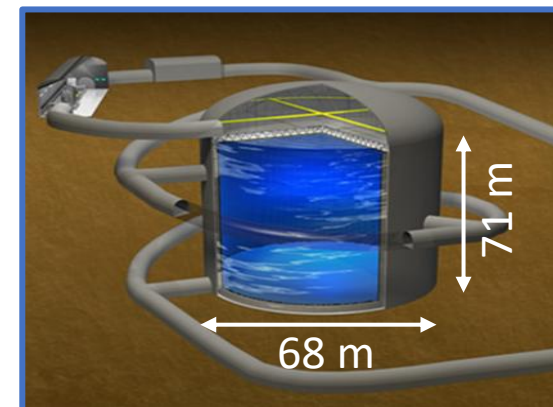
Near Detectors

Hyper-K FD



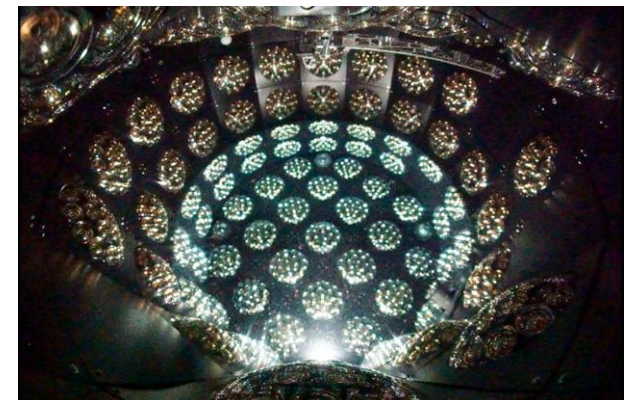
- Upgraded beamline 0.5 MW \rightarrow 1.3 MW
- ND280 as magnetised near detector (plans to be taken over by Hyper-K)
- A new Intermediate Water Cherenkov Detector (IWCD) (movable along off-axis angle, approx. kt-scale)
- Water Cherenkov far detector: 188.4 kton fiducial volume ($\approx 8.4 \times$ Super-K)

ON-GOING CONSTRUCTION (starts in 2027)

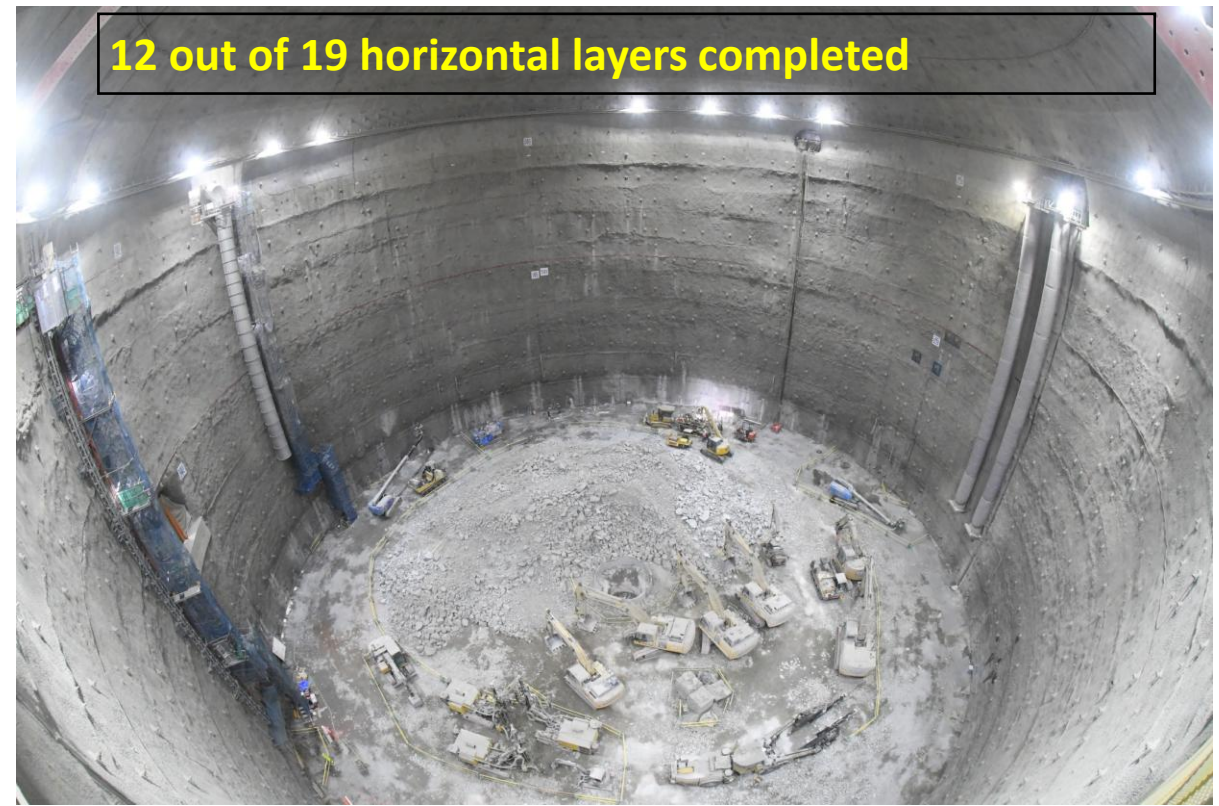


Water Cherenkov Test Experiment

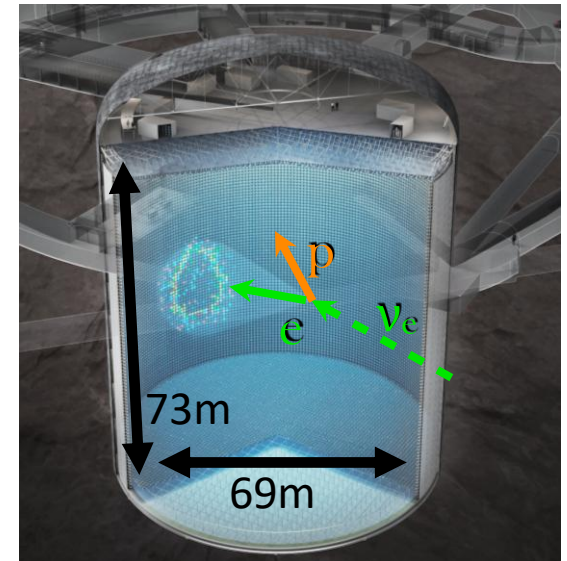
- Water Cherenkov Test Experiment @ CERN
 - 50-ton scale detector ($\sim 4\text{m} \times 4\text{m}$ cylinder) to study detector calibration and response with known p , e , π , μ fluxes of 0.2-1.1 GeV/c and develop percent level calibration of water Cherenkov detector.
 - Secondary beam of particles produced by target upstream of the detector.
 - Measurements with ultra-pure and 0.2% gadolinium sulphate-doped water (to capture neutrons produced in CCQE antineutrino interaction and in secondary protons/pions interactions).
 - About 100 multi-PMTs.
- Major test bed for Hyper-Kamiokande multi-PMT systems and several calibration strategies
- Detector completed (Oct. 2024), already had first runs with beam
 - Some problems with light leaks, electronics and DAQ – to be resolved by the end of Feb. 2025



Far Detector Update

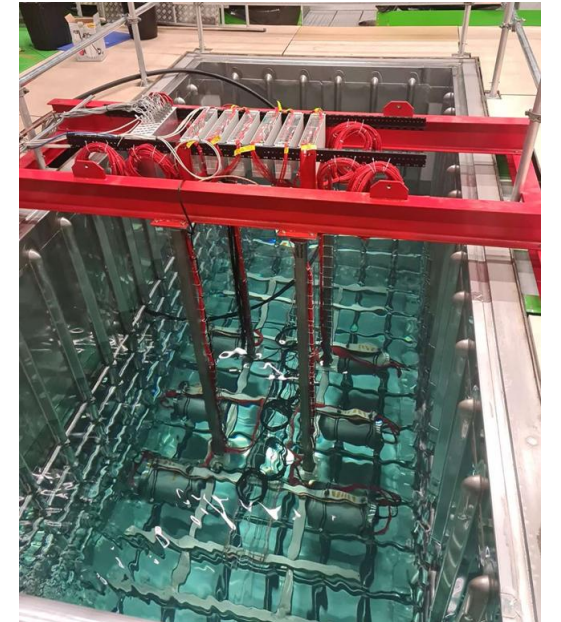
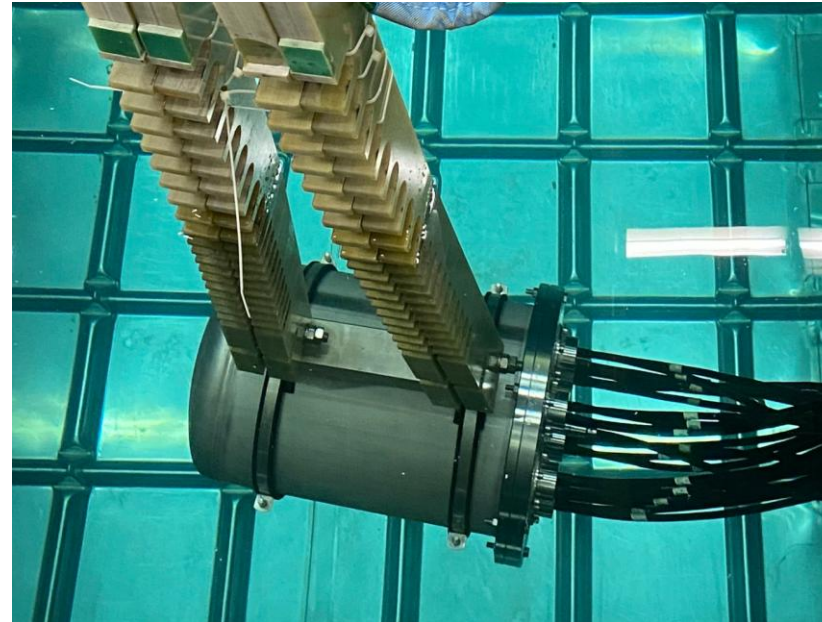
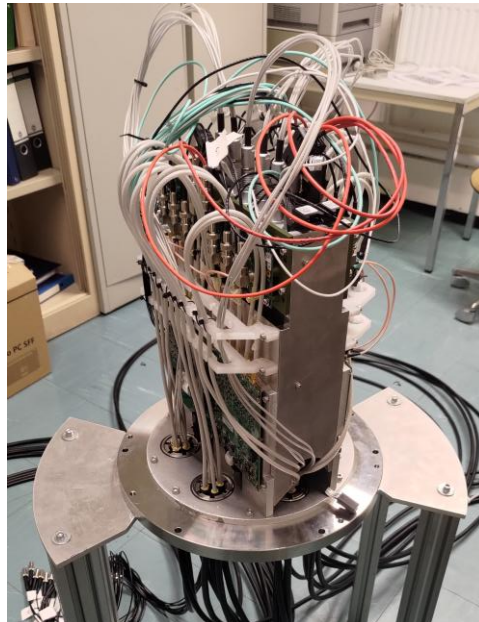
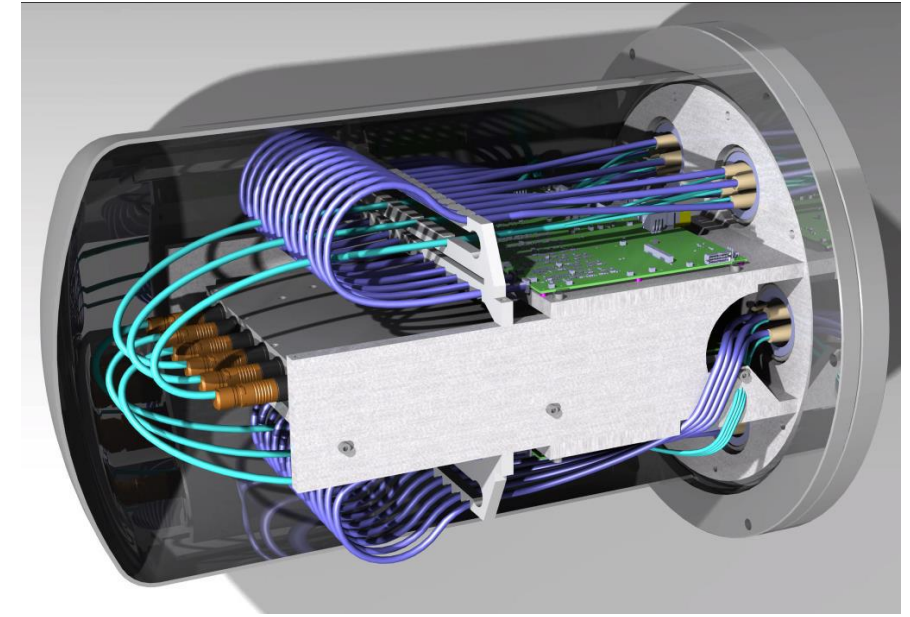


- 256 kton total mass ($H = 73 \text{ m}$, $\varnothing = 69 \text{ m}$)
- 188.4 kton fiducial volume ($\sim 8.4 \times \text{Super-K}$)
- Largest ever human-made cavern



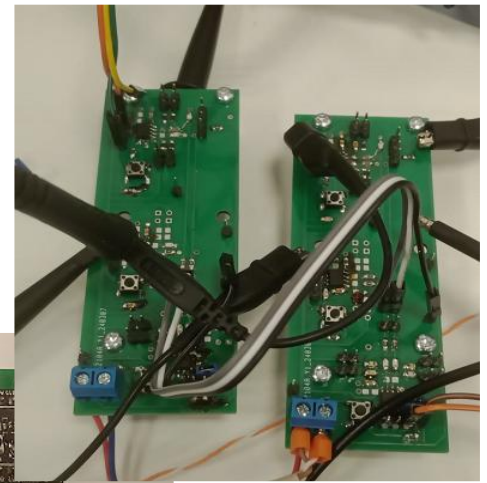
Far detector electronics

- Preparing for mass production
- On-going long-term tests
- Integration test done (ID), on-going (OD)
- Defining assembly and test protocols for mass production
- Preparing tender specifications
- Preparing assembly project at CERN (NP08 Neutrino Platform project)

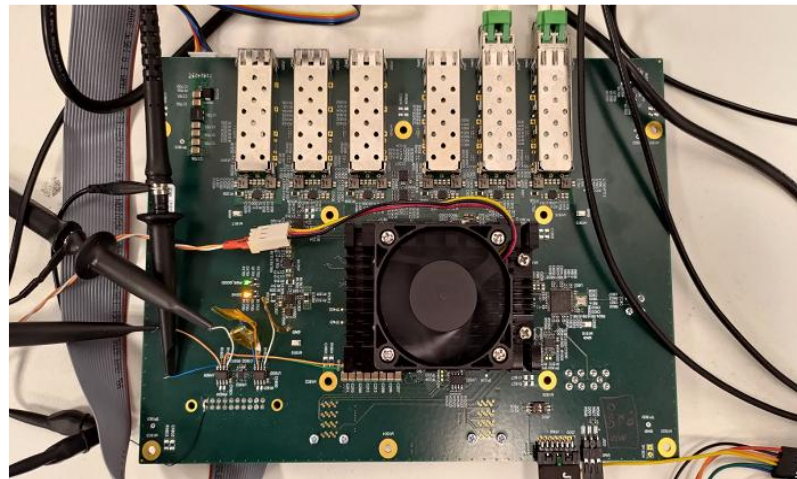
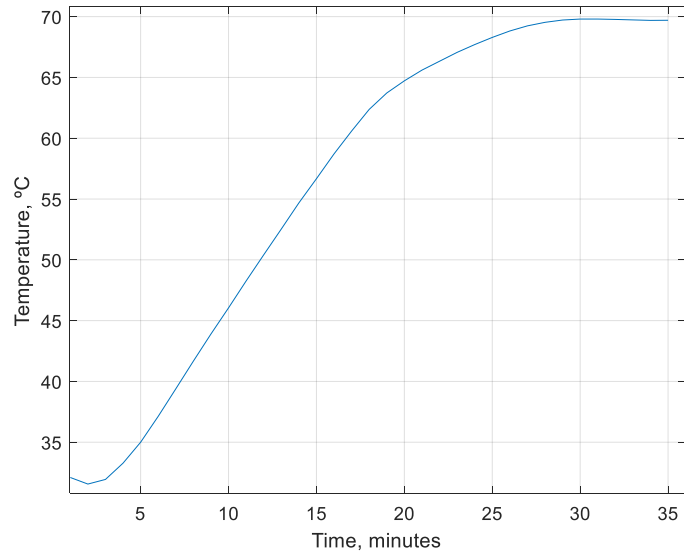


Reliability tests of electronic boards

- Climate chamber for electronics board ageing tests
- Temperature range 0 °C to 100 °C Humidity from 10 to 90%
- From 32 °C till 70 °C - 29 minutes
- Preparation of the 136 room for the climate chamber
- Improving the electrical circuits in the room
- HASS and HALT procedures for board testing
- Dedicated test boards



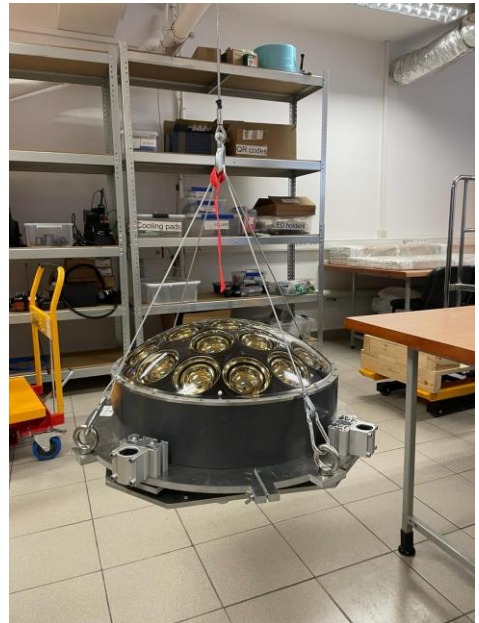
M. Suchenek



Multi-PMTs

- Completed production of 55 units of the IWCD-type mPMT modules
- Finalized QA procedures
- Optimized assembly process
- Sorted-out logistics issues

PREPARING FOR FD module PRODUCTION



Summary

- Many milestones reached in 2024
 - Completion of WCTE detector, incl. commissioning and first beam data
 - Completion of test production of IWCD-type multi-PMTs
 - Optimization of mPMT production line
 - Evaluation of integrated underwater vessels for the far detector
 - Preparation of NP08 Neutrino Assembly project at CERN
 - Launching aging tests of electronics
- Many things still to be done
 - Definition of protocols: assembly, calibration, burn-in strategy
 - Papers:
 - WCTE mPMT construction paper, target: NIM A (internal review)
 - WCTE mPMT electronics paper, target: NIM A (starting to write)
 - WCTE beam telescope paper, target: JINST (internal review)
 - HK Supernova Sensitivity (target: PRL, internal review)
 - Technical notes:
 - Protocol for Hyper-Kamiokande electronics acceptance test at the assembly site
 - Protocol for calibration of Hyper-Kamiokande digitizers
 - Protocol for burn-in tests of Hyper-Kamiokande electronics at the companies
 - Procurements
 - 6000 PMTs for FD multi-PMT modules (done), 1600 PMTs for IWCD multi-PMT modules
 - 1160 Underwater feed-throughs for FD electronics
 - 22800 HV and front-end cards for mPMT modules
 - 500 data concentrator cards for the FD

BACKUP

Activities in Poland (2025)

- Management:

- Executive Board membership (*prof. Ewa Rondio from NCBJ*)
- Speakers Board chair
- Three deputy conveners for far detector working groups (**electronics**, calibration, **mPMTs**)
- **Deputy convener** – IWCD and WCTE detectors (photodetectors & electronics)
- Technical coordinator, working group level (multi-PMTs)
- **Steering Committee membership** (IWCD, WCTE)

*Over 40 people in Poland from 9 institutions;
WUT/CAMK/AGH/UJ -> 17 people, ≈13 FTE*

- R&D + production:

- Linear accelerator (NCBJ)
- Far detector electronics (CAMK, WUT, UJ)
 - **Data processing module (DPB)** ← **Collaboration with UPV (Valenzia)**
 - Data concentrator card for multi-PMTs (MCC)
 - **Reliability estimations**
 - **Ground system design**
 - **Design reviews**
- IWCD electronics (WUT, UJ, AGH, CAMK)
 - **Multi-PMT front-ends**
 - High voltage supplies
 - Data concentrator card for multi-PMTs (MCC)
 - **Quality assurance** (incl. dedicated test hardware)
 - **Design reviews**
- multi-PMTs (WUT, CAMK)
 - Photosensor characterization
 - Optimization of assembly strategy
 - **Mass production** (completed for WCTE, preparing for FD)
 - Quality assurance
- WCTE (CAMK, WUT)
 - Electronics for beam tests, detector construction & commissioning
- Analysis + simulations + computing

**Close collaboration with
TRIUMF and INFN Naples**